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AHMEDABAD BARODA SURAT, POONA BELGAUM BANGALORE, MADRAS COLOMBO KARACHI LAHORE LUCKNOW CALCUTTA NAGPUR AND SECUNDERABAD
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A portion of Gandhiji's ashes are kept in the Town Hall for public view till tomorrow when they will be immersed with due ceremony at the Chowpatty. Photo shows Brig. Brar and Capt. Maneckji snapped while offering prayers.

Corporation Bill Under Fire

Proposal Condemned As Capitalist Measure

FINANCE MINISTER SAYS GOVT. POLICY ON NATIONALISATION IS UNDECIDED

NEW DELHI, FEB. 10. (A.P.I.): THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY (LEGISLATIVE) TODAY RESUMED CONSIDERATION OF THE FINANCE MINISTER, MR. SHANMUKHAM CHETTY'S BILL TO ESTABLISH AN INDUSTRIAL FINANCE CORPORATION.

Continuing his speech, Mr. Shibban Lal Saxena said that the Bill should have been modelled on the Coal Nationalisation Bill of England. The Corporation should be called upon to finance new industrial projects of the country and thus its non-official directors should wield greater power than even Cabinet Ministers. If the Government could decide to nationalise the Reserve and Imperial Banks of India, there was no reason why private enterprise should be given any scope in the Corporation.

A HALF-WAY HOUSE

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, supporting the Bill said that the proposed nationalisation of the Imperial and Reserve Banks was really an argument against nationalisation of the proposed Corporation. With nationalisation of the banks in the near future, repayment this year of Rs. 92 crores of Public Debt and other immediate undertakings like the Damodar Valley Project and the Rehabilitation Corporation, the Government could not possibly take the entire responsibility for financing the Corporation also.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed asked the Finance Minister to dispel the fear that a very small but powerful coterie of big businessmen might control the Corporation.

There was also the fear that the Corporation would benefit only big business concerns and not small institutions. That fear could be dispelled by allowing a larger number of people to hold shares.

Mr. K. Santhanam said that speeches in favour of nationalisation were irrelevant. The main object of the Bill was to help develop private concerns and such be-

(Continued on Page 5)

INQUIRY INTO TAX DODGING

Bill To Provide For Adequate Powers To Commission

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): The Finance Minister, Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, introduced in the Dominion Parliament today a Bill to amend the Taxation on Income (Investigation Commission) Act, 1947.

The statement of Objects and Reasons of the Bill says that it is intended to amend the Investigation Act, as the provisions of the existing Act are far from adequate to enable the Investigation Commission to function effectively.

The amendments proposed in the Bill embody the minimum powers which the Commission must possess if its labours are to bear fruit.

Opportunity has also been taken to define and clarify the powers of the Commission so that purely technical objections may not be raised with a view to obstructing or defeating the work of the Commission

RED FORCES ENTER SUCHIATUN

Last Govt. Stronghold Before Mukden Falls

NANKING, Feb. 10, (Reuter): Communist forces were reported today to be less than twelve miles from Mukden, Government headquarters in Manchuria. By increasing pressure on Government strong-points south of Mukden, the Communist were said to have battled their way into Suchiatun the only remaining abstcle eleven miles before Mukden.

Press reports added that there had been renewed attacks at the outskirts of the port of Yingkow, 120 miles south-west of Mukden, and on the steel town of Anshan, south of Communist-held Liaoyang on the Mukden-Dairen Railway. All factories and mines in the Anshan area stopped work several days ago.

The Government Troops to meet the rapidly developing crisis have reinforced their airforce in Mukden with last minute transfers from Peiping. All leave for the Chinese new year festival today was cancelled.

NOTICE

As a mark of respect to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed tomorrow (Thursday 12th instant). There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Friday.

Thursday's issue of the "Chronicle" will be a Special Gandhi issue and will be sold at the usual price of two annas.

LOST FREEDOM REGAINED

Century Old British Rule Ends In Ceylon

COLOMBO, Feb. 10. (Reuter): One hundred and thirty-two years of British colonial rule in Ceylon ended here today when the Duke of Gloucester, on behalf of the King, opened the new Parliament of Ceylon, heralding the birth of the youngest Dominion in the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Amid scenes of splendour and pageantry, with the Royal procession route lined with thousands who had waited for hours in the scorching sun and with planes dipping overhead, the Island became the first Crown Colony to achieve Dominion Status.

When the leaders of the two Houses placed the sword and Crown on the Kandyan Throne, to the thousands assembled it symbolised the regaining of a freedom lost 132 years.

From an early hour crowds streamed towards the Assembly Hall and special trains from all parts of the Island brought thousands into the Capital.

(See Page 6)

QUAKE-SHOCK RECORD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): An earthquake shock of great intensity with perimeter at about 3,360 miles from Hyderabad was recorded by seismographs of the Nizam's observatory at 6-37 p.m. yesterday.

All Set For Last Rites For "Bapu"

IMMERSION OF MAHATMA'S ASHES IN HOLY WATERS

Jawahar And Sardar To Lead Procession To Prayag

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10. (A.P.I.): The five-carriaged, green-painted E. I. Railway train which will carry Mahatma Gandhi's ashes to Allahabad for consignment at the Holy Triveni Sangam was inspected today by Dr. John Matthai, Minister for Railways, at the New Delhi ceremonial platform.

The train will leave for Allahabad at 6-30 a.m. preceded half an hour earlier by a pilot.

The urn containing the "Asthi" will be placed in the central carriage at 4-30 a.m. and mourners in Delhi will file past the urn to pay their last respects.

THE "ASTHI" SPECIAL

The carriage is decorated with khadi tricolour flags on each side flying at half mast. Painted on the carriage are the Ashoka Chakra and the National Lion Seal. The urn will be placed on a specially erected rectangular wooden table covered by a khadi flag with another flag forming the canopy. The table is enclosed by a khadi rope, also in tricolour, and is fitted with six electric lights. The urn will be guarded by four members of the services. At each halt six soldiers will take up positions in front of the carriage.

The train will carry about 400 passengers, who will include the next of kin, high officials of the Government of India, pressmen, military and police personnel and others. There will be all-night spinning and recitation of bhajans in the "Asthi" carriage. The train will halt for the night seventy miles from Allahabad and will reach Allahabad at 9 a.m. on February 12.

Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister, and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, will leave for Allahabad in a special plane on the afternoon of February 11. On February 12 when the main ceremony is conducted at Prayag, ashes will also be immersed in sacred rivers and lakes and the sea in different parts of the country.

The public will be able to pay their respects 'en route' at Ghaziabad, Khurja, Aligarh, Hathras, Tundla, Firozabad, Etawah, Phaphund, Kanpur and Fatehpur.

IN DELHI

Mr. N. V. Gadgil Minister for Works Mines and Power, will perform the immersion ceremony of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in Delhi in the Jumna on February 12.

The ashes will be placed on a raised platform fixed to acharjot which will be drawn by Seva Dal and Congress volunteers.

At 4-30 p.m. a public meeting will be held at Raj Ghat where Mahatma Gandhi was cremated.

IN RAMPUR STATE

A portion of Mahatma Gandhi's

JAIL FOR 25 NATAL INDIANS

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 10, (Reuter): Found guilty of contravening the provisions of the Immigrants Selection Act of 1913, 25 Natal Indians were today sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

Their sentences have, however, been suspended for one year, provided they do not contravene Immigration laws within that period. Provision has been made to send them back to Natal today or tomorrow.

REFERENDUM IN JUNAGADH

Polling From Feb. 12 To Feb. 20

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): The referendum on the question of accession of Junagadh, Babriawad, Mangrol, Manavadar, Bantwa and Sardargarh will begin on February 12 and the polling is expected to last till February 20. The voters lists are ready, the polling booths have been prepared and polling officers appointed.

A number of Muslims have already returned to record their votes.

The issue under referendum is whether the people want to accede to India or to Pakistan.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH
New York, Feb. 10

Previous Closing	33.93
Today's Opening	33.79
Difference	—14
Today's Closing	31.93
Difference	—200

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, Feb. 10

Opening Prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 32-5/8
General Motors 53-5/8
United States Steel Common 71
Preference 133-3/8

LAST QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Feb. 10.

	Rs. As.
Cotton Jarila March	538 8
Silver Bullion Ready	145 12
Gold Ready	105 13
Sovereign	68 4

STOP PRESS

MARSHALL TO ATTEND GANDHI MEMORIAL SERVICES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (UPA): Secretary of State George C. Marshall will attend the Gandhi Memorial services here in the after noon of February 11, with President Truman, other Cabinet members and members of the diplomatic corps it was announced today.

INDIA'S DELEGATION TO RETURN

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 10, (Reuter): India's Delegation to the Security Council, headed by Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, will fly back to Delhi tomorrow, it was learned here authoritatively tonight. The Delegates have made reservations on a Pan-American Aircraft leaving tomorrow afternoon for London.

NIZAM DECLARES THURSDAY A HOLIDAY

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): H. E. H. the Nizam has ordered Thursday, February 12 to be declared a public holiday, in connection with the immersion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes.

RAIDERS' LOT FOR TROUBLE-MONGERS

JAMMU, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): With a view to maintain internal security and cordial communal relations Mr. Ghulam Mohd. Bakshi, acting head of administration Jammu and Kasmir Government has passed the following order:—

"All those persons and vested interests who are found to disturb internal peace calculating to create differences between the various communities in the state, shall be treated as hostiles like raiders. They will receive the same punishment as the raiders"

TRUMAN URGED TO REVERSE PALESTINE POLICY

Flare-Up In Jerusalem: Heaviest Fighting South Of Old Walled City

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Feb. 10.

Reports from New York suggest that Army chiefs had been urging President Truman to reverse Palestine policy and play no part in to partition plan. The war in Palestine, it was pointed out would mean no oil for Europe and whole Marshall programme would require restudy.

FLARE UP IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, Feb. 10 (Reuter)—British troops went into action in Jerusalem today and laid down a barrage of mortar fire as the heaviest yet battle between Jews and Arabs flared up in different parts of Jerusalem and around the old walled city.

Men, women and children fled as machine guns, rifes and pistols sent raking fire through the streets in various parts of Jerusalem.

People trapped in the battle areas crouched behind walls as bullets screeched off buildings and ambulances raced through the streets to the rattle of automatic fire

The shooting began about ten hours the area of Princess Mary Avenue when police guarding a road block replied to snipers fire from a house nearby.

Fighting then swept through the city as posts of Haganah, the Jewish Defence Army opened up and Arabs let loose a barrage of automatic and rifle fire from roof tops and sandbagged positions on tops of the walls of the old city.

As the intensity of the fighting increased, and pedestrians inside the sand-bagged and barbed wire security zones flattened themselves as bullets whistled overhead reinforcement troops of the Highland Light Infantry were called up in lorries to silence Arab positions on the tops of the old city walls from which fire was directed towards the newly built British officers' club and army posts around the public information office building.

The heaviest fighting occurred south of the old walled city where tracer bullets from machine-guns in both Arab and Jewish positions crisscrossed one another as ambulances tried to reach the wounded lying in the streets.

As the battle in Jerusalem was beginning, the consuls-general of the United States, France, Persia, Belgium and Egypt were conferring with the Palestine High Commissioner General Sir Alan Cunningham, about protection of consular representatives.

Sane Guruji who is observing a 21-day fast to expiate Gandhiji's murder.

PAKISTAN PRESS PAYS HOMAGE TO MAHATMA GANDHI

KARACHI, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.):

Mr. Altaf Hussain, President of the Pakistan Newspapers Editors Conference, in a statement says:

"I have informally consulted some members of the Standing Committee of the P.N.E.C., in Karachi and Lahore and consensus of opinion is that newspapers in Pakistan observe Thursday, 12th February, as a holiday as a mark of further homage to Mahatma Gandhi whose last rites are to be performed on that day.

All newspapers are, therefore, required to close their offices on the 12th February so that there will be no issue on the morning of 13th February.

"Such papers as wish to do so may, however, bring out evening bulletins on the 13th evening."

SMUTS MISSION TO VISIT INDIA

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 10, (Reuter): Asked by E. H. Louw (Nationalist Beaufort West in the Union House of Assembly) whether he agreed to the suggestion made by the Deputation of India's for Round Table discussions being held between Delegates from the Union Government and the Governments of India and Pakistan on difficulties that had arisen between the Union Government and the Indian population, Prime Minister Gen. Smuts said he had expressed his willingness for a Round Table Conference, between the Union Government and the Governments of India and Pakistan in order to establish normal relations with the two Governments. He had approved the suggestion that the Union should send a goodwill mission to make personal contact with leaders in India and Pakistan.

THEY FAST FOR GANDHIJI

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): The village school teachers at Bamhani in Mandla District are observing fast since Mahatma Gandhi's assassination to mourn his death. They propose to break their fast on Feb. 12 when the ashes will be immersed.

AFTER ALWAR BHARATPUR!

Prima Facie Evidence Of State's Complicity In R. S. S. Activity

NEW DELHI, February 11. (API:) The State Ministry is appointing an administrator to take over the Bharatpur State.

A press communique issued by the State Ministry tonight says:— As a result of conversation between the State Ministry and His Highness the Maharaja of Bharatpur in which His Highness was appraised of the 'prima facie' evidence of complicity of the Bharatpur Administration in R.S.S. activities, His Highness while feeling shocked at the report, has agreed for the purpose of clearing the name of the Administration and his own position to the appointment of an Administrator for the State who is expected to take charge forthwith.

His Highness has assured that the Administrator and the head of Police Administration to be appointed by the State Ministry will have the fullest co-operation of His Highness, the popular ministers, the army and the police in their work.

STAR LINE ★ STAR LINE ★ STAR LINE ★

Australia Wins Fifth Test

India Loses By Innings And 177 Runs: Weakest Batting Display Of Tour

MELBOURNE, Feb. 10, (Reuter).
(From DULEEPSINHJI, Reuters' Special Correspondent with the Indian Cricket Team).

The fifth and last test between India and Australia ended in an easy victory for Australia today.

In three of the five test matches, Australia were in a winning position at the end of the first day.

Australia, against the weak Indian attack, placed themselves in a strong position after winning the toss.

The Indian batting today, with one exception, was weak. The one exception was Phadkar who batted with confidence in the first innings. He played clean shots, and was never in doubt about the right stroke to play.

Amarnath's habit of changing the batting order might profitably have sent the not out Phadkar in first in the second innings.

The bowlers once or twice turned a little more than expected but that was no excuse for the poor batting. Lindwall brought the ball sharply back when getting Hazare in the first innings.

AMARNATH DISAPPOINTS

India, after their early disasters, never recovered. Amarnath's failure was a great disappointment to all including himself.

After his glorious cricket early in the tour, he failed to show some of his form in the Tests.

India news knows the strength of Australian cricket. India often got one opening Australian batsman cheaply, but there was always Bradman to stop further disasters.

With Bradman's great innings the later Australian batsmen have little to do.

Australia possesses a fine all-round team. Variety in bowling and all-rounders greatly strengthen the side Australia's new bowlers succeeded although at times they were not impressive. But it is results that count.

The matches have been most enjoyable, and played in the best tradition of the game.

The Indians were the first to congratulate Australia on their victories and fine out-cricket.

India must remember the lessons learnt the hard way.

The Play...

Yesterday's threatening thunder storm passed over Melbourne and the weather today was again hot, oppressive and humid when the fourth day's play of the final test was resumed on a firm dry wicket. India having lost 4 wickets needed 125 runs to avoid the follow on when Bradman led the Australians to field again and took up the the first slip position.

Len Johnson had the first over with a north wind in his favour against Phadkar. It was a maiden, the batsman playing every ball middle-bat and forward

HAZARE OUT.

Lindwall bowled to Hazare and the first ball rapped his pads as he attempted a defensive stroke. Hazare on-drove the next ball for two, while Phadkar began with a cover drive also for two, off Len Johnson and then forced him away for another two.

Then Hazare playing defensively to the first ball of Lindwall's second over, was out leg before. The ball travelled a trifle low He batted three hours and hit seven fours. The 1fth wicket fell at 257.

Gul Mahomed opened with a single off Lindwall, but might have been run out as he was slow to respond to Phadkar's call. Bill Johnston however, returned the ball to the wrong end.

A further blow to India was the dismissal of Gul Mahomed, who tried to turn a ball from Len Johnson to leg and gave an easy catch to Lindwall at square-leg, the sixth wicket falling at 260 Phadkar then played a maiden over from Lindwall comfortably.

FOUR WICKETS FOR 35.

Kishenchand began with a latecut off Len Johnson for a single. He straight drove the same bowler in the next over for four and this was one of the best strokes of the innings.

At 268 Loxton replaced Lindwall, but did not make an impression on Phadkar's defence. Ring bowled, at the other end, and Kishenchand was twice beaten, but survived a maiden.

Phadkar reached his 20 with a powerful drive for four off Ring.

Kishenchand ondrove Ring for four, his costliest over yielding ten runs.

Kishenchand was in a confident mood and straight drove Loxton for three, but playing back to the first ball of Ring's next over was beaten by the spin and bowled. The seventh wicket fell at 284. In 36 minutes he helped Phadkar to add 24 runs.

Nayudu hit the first ball he received from Ring uppishly for two, but two balls later he gave Bradman the easiest of catches at first slip. The eighth wicket fell at 286 which meant that four wickets had fallen this morning for 35 runs

Phadkar driving well found Loxton's off-field hard to penetrate, but he took Sen away from Ring's bowling with a glance for a single. Phadkar powerfully hooked Ring to two and when Len Johnson replaced Loxton, Sen made his first run with a push for a single. With a single to the g lly, Phadkar again took Sen away from Ring and the later played a maiden over to Len Johnson.

Sen glanced Ring for two and then reached out and pulled a full toss for four.

In the last over before lunch Lindwall replaced Len Johnson. He did not bowl at his full pace and Phadkar pulled the fifth ball for a four—all run—sending up the 300 in 449 minutes

Lunch was taken with the score at 302 for eight wickets. Phadkar being not out 33 and Sen not out 7.

AFTER LUNCH

Sen cocked up the first ball from Ring After lunch but Bradman could not reach the catch and it went for two. Phadkar onpushed Lindwall for a single and Sen played out the five remaining balls of the first bowler's over with a fair degree of confidence.

Phadkar late cut Ring for two and then swept a full toss for four to reach 40. He still manouvred the strike and on drove Ring for a single.

Sen Swung the last ball for four, the over costing 11 runs, while Phadkar followed by off driving Lindwall for four with a superb stroke.

Phadkar reached a splendid 50 by sweeping Ring square for two. He had then batted 141 minutes.

India now needed 52 to save the follow on. Len Johnson replaced Lindwall and Phadkar's next scoring shot was a terrific pull for four off the newcomer

Phadkar and Sen added 45 at a run a minute before the latter was bowled by Len Johnson, the ball coming in from the off and uprooting the middle stump

Late Johnson knocked back Rangachari's stumps with the first ball and the innings ended at 331, scored in 478 minutes. Phadkar batted 153 minutes for his 56 not out. Phadkar's fighting effort proved in vain. Six Indian wickets fell today in 2 hours for 80 runs and India began their second innings 244 runs behind.

INDIA FOLLOWS ON

Although Phadkar had the pace of the pitch and control of the bowlers and seemed the obvious man to open the second innings, Amarnath again sent in Mankad and Sarwate.

Mankad felt tentatively for the second ball from Lindwall outside the off stump and Tallon held a catch before a run had been scored.

Adhikari opened with a single off the fast bowler and square cut Bill Johnston, who was bowling at the other end, for three.

Sarwate batted for 19 minutes before getting off the mark with an on drive for a single off Lindwall.

Meanwhile Adhikari had confidently reached double figures.

Sarwate when four, had a lucky escape when he snicked Bill Johnston but Bradman failed to hold a low right-handed catch at first slip. The ball went through Bradman's hands to the fence.

Twenty runs took 25 minutes and then Loxton replaced Lindwall after three overs.

Sarwate, in a shade over half an hour, was out legbefore in Bill Johnston's fifth over when he played defensively.

HAZARE OUT

Hazare snicked the first ball he received from the lefthander high over the slips for a single while Adhikari pulled Loxton for four but then failed to withdraw his bat from a fast offside delivery and was well caught by Bradman at first slip. He batted soundly for three quarters of an hour.

Phadkar was next in and the light was rather dull as he entered.

Hazare was rather uncomfortable against Loxton's pace but he cover drove and straight drove him for two twos.

Phadkar was in 11 minutes and appeared safe but before he had scored he went leg before when playing back in Bill Johnston's eleventh over.

Amarnath stered Bill Johnston into the gully for a single and tea was taken with the score at 36 for four, Hazare being not out six and Amarnath not out one.

Len Johnson and Ring bowled after the interval. Amarnth square cut Len Johnson for four.

Hazare had another luckly escape. When ten he stepped out to Ring, missed the ball but Tallon fumbled.

In Len Johnson's next over Hazare returned a ball which the bowler held. Hazare appeared to think the ball had bump but Umpire Cooper ruled a catch and five wickets were down for 51. Without addition to the score, hope evaporated when Amarnath after 20 minutes' batting, ran a yard down the pitch to Ring and in attempting a big hit skied the ball behind the bowler where Len Johnson running back took the catch.

When Hazare returned to the pavilion and was interviewed by Reuter he said" I am satified that I was caught. I did not get far enough under the ball."

KOT SETS IN

The rot completely set in when Kishenchand made a week defensive stroke before scoring and gave Barnes an easy catch at forward short leg off Len Johnson. Seven wickets were down for 56.

Without addition to the score Gul Mohamed liftd Ring hard but straight into the safe hands of Barnes at midon.

Sen Swung Ring desperately to the long on fence for four and he stepped out in the next over to cover drive Ring for four.

Nayudu tried to emulate Sen but skied Ring to deep midoff where he was caught by Brown running back before he had scored.

With Rangachari in Sen stole a single to gain the strike of Len Johnson. It was of avail on however for the bowler's second ball knocked back Sen's leg stump.

WEAKEST BATTING DISPLAY

India lost by an innings and 177 runs after an unaccountable collapse for which the pitch was not responsible.

It was the weakest batting display of the tour by the Indians who seemed to throw up the sponge after the recognised batsmen had failed.

India's innings of 67 lasted 110 minutes. Six wickets fell after tea for 32 runs.

In the scramble for stumps, Sen and Rangachari each got one.

The attendance was 9,281 and receipts 372 sterling.

The match totals were 97,365 and receipts £ 9,367, Indians share being £ 4,340.

AUSTRALIA (First Innings) for eight wickets declared 575

INDIA (First Innings):

Mankad c Tallon b Luxton	111
Sarwate b Lindwall	0
Adhikari c Tallon b Loxton	38
Hazare lbw Lindwall	74
Amarnath c Barnes b Ring	12
Phadkar not out	56
Gul Mahomed c Lindwall b Len Johnson	1
Kishenchand b Ring	14
Nayudu c Bradman b Ring	2
Sen b Len Johnson	13
Rangachari b Len Johnson	0
Extras (Byes 6, Legbyes 2 no balls 2)	10
Total	331

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1/3, 2/137, 3/206, 4/231, 5/257, 6/260, 7/284, 8/286, 9/331.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—

Lindwall	25/4/66/2
Len Johnson	30/8/66/3
Loxton	16/1/61/2
Bill Johnston	8/4/14/0
Ring	36/8/103/3
Miller	3/0/10/0
Barnes	2/1/7/0

INDIA (SECOND INNINGS)

Mankad c Tallon b Lindwall	0
Sarwate lbw Bill Johnson	10
Adhikari c Bradman b Loxton	17
Hazare c and b Len Johnson	10
Phadkar lbw Bill Johnston	0
Amarnath c Len Johnson b Ring	8
Gul Mahomed c Barnes b Ring	4
Kishenchand c Barnes b L. Johnson	0
Nayudu c Brown b Ring	0
Sen b Len Johnson	10
Rangachari not out	0
Extras	8
Total	67

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1/0, 2/22, 3/28 4/35 5/51 6/51 7/56 8/56 9/66.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

Lindwall	3/0/9/1
Bill Johnston	7/0/15/2
Loxton	4/1/10/1
Len Johnson	5.2/2/8/3
Ring	5/1/17/3

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

India Routed In Final Test

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

India has been routed by Australia in the fifth and final Test by an innings and 177 runs. This was most unexpected. After the third day's play, that is on Monday evening, when India's score stood at 251 for 4 wickets, we had every hope that the tourists would be able to save a follow-on and thus avert a crushing defeat.

But it seems that the remaining batsmen went down in unaccountable manner and practically threw away the match. This is hardly creditable to players who are representing a country and a nation. They should have fought back with all the pluck and courage they could muster and saved their motherland from disgrace.

AUSTRALIA'S LUCK.

It is true that the result of the engagement had no bearing on the honours of the Texts, as Australia had already won three out of the four Tests played. But there is always some credit attached to a draw. Of course India had very little chance of scoring a victory in the final Test. The toss had more or less settled that point.

Don Bradman, the Australian skipper, and his mates made it doubly sure by knocking up the massive total of 575 for 8 wickes. Although the home team was the weakest ever fielded against the visitors in the Tests, India could not dismiss them for a smaller total. The weakness of our bowling was thoroughly exposed.

AMARNATH'S MISTAKE

Amarnath has been blamed for not using C. S. Nayudu, who was bowling his best, for longer spells, despite the fact that the other bowlers were being thrashed mercilessly by the Kangaroos. Heaven alone knows why he did not take advantage of his ability.

Even though Bradman retired 'hors de combat' after he had compiled only 57 runs, our bowlers could not prevent the others from piling up many runs. While Brown was unlucky to theirs the hundred mark by a single run the 19-year old Neil Harvey stuck to the guns to hit up a magnificent 153, the highest of the match. Loxton, another aspirant for a trip to Enland this year, scored a valuable 80.

The only outstanding feature of the innings on India side was the fine wicket keeping by Sen, who caught four and helped two to be run out.

MANKAD'S CREDITABLE FEAT

Vinoo Mankad, Hemu Adhikari, Vijay Hazare and Dattu Phadkar batted in the line Test spirit. If only the other batsmen—particularly Amarnath—had done their duties well, there would have been no follow-on.—Mankad batted patiently for five hours and this paid him a rich dividend in the shape of a century—111 to be exact. Adhikari was at the wickets for three hours to collect 38 runs. Hazare had scored 72 without losing his wicket.

Who could have expected a collapse in such a case? But it did happen. It was left only to Phadkar to hold the post till the end with a splendid 56 to his credit.

Worse was to follow. Like an avalanche the tourists were swept away in the second innings for an insignificant 67.

JOE LOUIS MEETS LEO MATRICCIANI

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9, (Reuter): Joe Louis world heavyweight champion, was slow on his feet but his hands moved as fast as ever when he met Leo Matricciani a Boltimore heavy-weight in a four round exhibition contest last night.

Matricciani keeping up a fast pace, gave the champion a busy time blocking his punches.

Louis, however, seemed to be taking things easy and seemed declined to throw any hard punches.

Louis said afterwards, "I am going to work hard for my next fight with Jot Walcott. It is going to be my last one, win, lose or draw."

ALLEGED ATTEMPT ON NIZAM'S LIFE

Father Pleads For Mercy For His Son

HYDERABAD, (Dn), February 8, (API): Pandhari father of accused Narayan Rao, who is alleged to have thrown a handgrenade at His Exalted Highness the Nizam on December 4 last, made a plea for pardon for his son when he give evidence as a defence witness in the case against Narayan Rao, Gundiah and ten others.

Pandhari said that whatever his son might nave done was due to bad company into which he had unfortunately fallen' Witness said: "I beg His Exalted Highness to pardon my son", because witness's "whole life dependend" on Narayan Rao. Pandhari said that he had sent Narayan Rao to the city for studies and he had been here for two years.

Witness also said that Narayan Rao had never expressed to him anything against His Exhalted Highness.

Brockway's Call To Indian Kisan Congress

MADRAS, Feb. 10, (API) Mr. Fenner Brockway, Chairman of the organising Committee of the International Socialist Conference to be held at Milan in June 1948, has requested the All-India Kisan Congress to be one of the sponsors of the Conference it is learned here today.

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas Judges and notables Annual life reading monthly details Rs 3 3 questions Rs 1 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kalipur M SRINIVASA ACHARIAR Chandrika 2-B Sidams Road, Tevnampet P. O. Madras.

Construction Of Privy Council Judgment

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyaji and Mr. Justice Tendolkar) S. D. Medora and another—Appellants (Plaintiffs)

Vs.

The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co. Ltd.—Respondents (Defendants).

This was an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Chagla fixing the quantum of damages payable to the plaintiffs upon the case being remanded back for that purpose by the Privy Council.

The plaintiffs were for many years the sole agents of the defendant company for certain territories. By their letter dated 14th September 1939 the defendants intimated that their services were terminated as from 1st January 1940. Thereupon the plaintiffs filed this suit for damages for wrongful termination of the agency, as well as for a declaration that under section 44 of the Insurance Act, they were entitled to a commission on the renewal premiums as insurance agents.

The trial judge held that the termination was wrongful, that having regard to the circumstances, the reasonable period of notice should have been two years, and he awarded Rs. 82,000/- as compensation on that footing, at the rate of Rs. 4000/- per month. But he held that the plaintiffs were not "insurance agents" within section 2 (10) of the Insurance Act and refused to grant the declaration prayed for. The appeal court confirmed this judgment of the trial court. The plaintiffs appealed to the Privy Council which reversed the concurrent findings of the lower courts with regard to the plaintiffs' claim under section 44. The Privy Council accepted the view that as the plaintiffs had obtained a license only on 1st January 1940 i.e. after their agency had been terminated, they were not "insurance agents" within the definition in the Act. But it held that since the termination of the agency was a wrongful breach of contract by the defendants which had prevented the plaintiffs from becoming "insurance agents" and obtaining the advantages resulting from under section 44 the plaintiff were entitled to damages on that footing the Privy Council remanded the case back to the Bombay High Court for ascertaining the quantum of such damages.

At the hearing before the trial judge, Mr. Justice Chagla, the plaintiffs claimed as general damages Rs. 171,880/- instead of the sum of Rs. 82000/- originally awarded. The trial judge disallowed this claim, holding that the Privy Council had not in any way disturbed the basis of general damages already awrded, but had merely intimated that it was open to the trial court to reconsider the period of notice which had been originally fixed at two years. He reconsidered the matter and adhered to the view that two years' notice was reasonable. He further held that it had been proved that as from 9th November 1944 the plaintiffs had solicited insurance business for another company and that therefor their right for renewal commission came to an end on that date. He further held that the period for which the plaintiffs were entitled to renewal commission on the termination of the two years' notice but should be calculated on the policies in force on the date of actual termination viz 31st December 1939. From this decision the plaintiffs appealed. The judgment of the Court was delivered by Mr. Justice Tendolkar.

JUDGMENT

Their lordships agreed with the trial judge that it was not open to the plaintiffs to contend that the whole question of general damages should be re-opened. In their lordships' opinion the plaintiffs were only entitled to say that the period of notice may be reconsidered, and that from the amount of general damages calculated for the period of notice, such amount should be deducted as is referable to the commission on renewal premiums. Their Lordships were of opinion that under the decision of the Privy Council, in calculating renewal commission the claims of sub-agents were not to be taken into account. Their Lordships further held that the direction given by the Privy Council that in assessing damages some allowance should be made for the possibility of the plaintiffs soliciting other insurance business in future did not preclude the Court from considering whether the possibility had in fact become a reality before the date of the judgment on remand. The Court was therefore entitled to take into account the fact that the plaintiffs had solicited such business on 9th November 1944 and their Lordships held that in assessing damages the renewal commission after that date could not be taken into account. Their Lordships, however, did not agree with the trial judge's finding that the period during which renewal commission must be considered for ascertaining damages commenced from 16th September 1941 and held that on the decision of the Privy Council it was clear that it commenced on 1st January 1940. In view of the fact that the damages were prospective, it was just that the amount payable at the end of each year should be discounted back to 1st January 1940 at the rate of 3 0/0. With regard to the interest allowed on damages for loss of rights under section 44 by the trial judge from the date of the suit till judgment at 6 0/0, after a review of the authorities their Lordships held that although it was a matter of discretion of the trial judge, he had erred on a question of principle and that no such interest ought to be allowed. In their lordships' opinion such interest should be allowed only when the party guilty of the breach had improperly delayed the ascertainment of damages and not otherwise. So far as damages loss of rights under section 44 were concerned, they were not even claimed by the plaintiffs and it could not possibly be said that the defendants had delayed their ascertainment.

Their lordships directed if, on the basis of this judgment, the parties did not within one month agree to the figure of damages that would be payable, the matter would stand referred to the Commissioner for ascertainment of damages.

Mr. V. F. Taraporwala and Mr. M. M. Jhaveri instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the appellants.

The Advocate General and Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co. appeared for the respondents.

W. AUSTRALIA WINS SHEFFIELD SHIELD

BRISBANE, Feb. 10 (Reuter)—Western Australia won the Sheffield Shield in their first season in Inter-State cricket competition by beating Queensland by 183 runs today.

The scores were: Western Australia 446 and 192 Queensland 325 and 130.

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We have plans for you—for your peace of mind. Please drop in our office to see our attractive schemes. We aim at service to both our clients and field workers.

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2. HAINES ROAD. Byculla, BOMBAY 27.

From simple barter to token money—Goats etc., was a big step forward in man's search for a satisfactory medium of exchange, but the "goat money" was not very popular All goats were not alike. The exchange value of a skinny and shaggy flock soon became a problem. Disease often decimated wealth. New developments in commerce forced man, ever inventive, to find a better money. The choice fell on METALS, non-perishable, certainly more uniform. Henceforth all transactions were carried out in terms of bars or ingots of iron, copper, lead, etc.

For his daily purchases a man had to carry about large bars or ingots of some metal or other. Saving for the future, therefore, consisted of hoarding metals. The rich were truly weighed down by the weight of their wealth! Increased activity in mining ore often reduced the value of money and the profiteers tampered with the purity of the metals.

Today, neither buying nor saving presents much difficulty. The wise man prefers to save for the future instead of spending now and he invests his savings wisely. Money invested in National Savings Certificates is absolutely safe and it increases in value by 50% at maturity, i.e. every Rs. 10/- becomes Rs. 15/- after 12 years. The interest is Income Tax free. *You can now invest any amount from Rs. 5/- to Rs. 15,000/-.* Small Savers can buy National Savings Stamps for As -/4/-, -/8/- and Re 1/-.

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16th WEEK!
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30: 6-30 and 9-30
Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release

5th WEEK!
DUTY DEMANDED
ALL THE SACRIFICES AND
HE DID IT. HOW? SEE
Producer-Director RUSTOM MODI'S
GUL-BAKAVLI
FIROZ DASTUR, SANOBAR, RABAB
MENAKA & JAMSHEDJI
SUPER Daily:— 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Sundays at 1 p.m.

From FRIDAY 13th
CITY-LIGHT
.. .. MATUNGA (B.B.) .. ..
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
DR. KOTNIS
—KI—AMAR—KAHANI
JAYASHREE, SHANTARAM
Last 2 Days "GHUNGAT"
also showing 'Mahatma Funeral'

LAST DAY! S. FAZLI'S
MEHNDI
NARGIS, BEGAM PARA
Also Showing
'MAHATMAJI'S FUNERAL'
CAPITOL
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
A PEARL Release

INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

At a joint meeting of the Executive Committees of the MPSI, IMPPA, IMPDA, and CEAI, it has been decided to declare a complete holiday on Thursday, the 12th February, 1948 the day of national mourning for the death of Mahatma Gandhi. Members are requested to keep Cinema Theatres, Studios, Laboratories and other establishments and offices closed on that day.

I. K. MENON,
Secretary, MPSI.

CRUSADE
AGAINST ALL KINDS OF
IGNORANCE!
That The Clarion
Call ..... in .....
MEHBOOB Productions'
Purposeful Social
'ELAN'
Starring:— SURENDRA, MUNAWAR SULTANA, HIMALAYAWALA & SHAH NAWAZ
Produced & Directed by:—
MEHBOOB
Music:— NAUSHAD.
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For prompt relief from PAIN
For HEADACHES, NEURITIS, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, SLEEPLESSNESS, TOOTHACHE, CHILLS, COLDS, FLU and other feverish conditions,
SIMPLY TAKE—
one or two tablets as required.
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WILL STOP YOUR PAIN
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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 1, 2004
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 30, 1367
Parsi: Shehrever 11, 1317
Sunrise: 7-10 a.m. Sunset 18-37 p.m.
Hightide: 01-10, 13-02
Lowtide: 07-24, 18-54

To-day's Engagements

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Mediumship vs. Adeptship" is the subject of a talk to be followed by Questions and Answers today at 6-15 p.m., at Jehangir Wadia Buildings, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BLAVATSKY LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Swami Madhav Thirtha on "Theory of Relativity as applied to Life" at the Besant Hall of the Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty today at 6-30 p.m. (S. T).

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, on "Some Humbugs going on in the name of Religion."

POSTAL NOTICE: Thursday the 12th Feb. 1948 will be Post and Telegraph Holiday on account of immersion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes. All the Departments of the Bombay G.P.O. and T.S.O.s including Telegraph branches of the Combined Offices will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays. There will be no Postal Delivery of any kind on that day. Letter Boxes will be cleared once i.e. at the time fixed for the last clearance prescribed as on Sunday. The Mails will be despatched as on Postal Holidays.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Meeting of the Group at Green's today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. when Mr. A. D. Shroff, Tata Director, will speak on Government and the economic policy.

PUBLIC LECTURE: On "education for peace and understanding" by Mr. K. G. Saiyadain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay at St. Xavier's High School Hall, (Dhobi Talao) today at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

CORPORATION MEETING
There will be NO MEETING of the Corporation on THURSDAY, the 12th INST. that day being a public holiday. The next meeting of the Corporation will be held on MONDAY, THE 16th INST. AT 3 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME).

PROHIBITION GUARDS: The meeting of Officers Commanding, Divisional and Sub-Divisional Officers of Prohibition Guards will be held on 18th instant instead of on 11th instant.

ESPLANADE HIGH SCHOOL GOLDEN JUBILEE
The celebration of the Esplanade High School Golden Jubliee which was to take place at the end of this month has been put off to some time later on account of the death of Gandhiji. The date will be announced hereafter.

MR. G. V. KITSON FOR DELHI
The Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in Bombay and Mrs. G. V. Kitson left by train on Tuesday for New Delhi, on a short visit.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT: We have received a calendar for 1948 together with a daily tear-off pad from the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd.

Prof. Vallarts' Lectures

Under the auspices of the Tata institute of Fundamental Research, Professor, M. S. Vallarta of the University of Mexico will deliver a course of twelve lectures on 'The Primary Cosmic Radiation and the Motion of Charged Particles in the Earth's Magnetic Field'. The first two lectures will be delivered at the Royal Institute of Science, Room No. 2 today (Wednesday) and Friday, 13 inst. at 5 p.m. The remaining lectures which will be of more technical nature will be delivered at the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research on the following days: February 16th, 18th, 20th, 23rd, 25th, March 1st, 3rd, 5th, 8th, and 10th. The time for these lectures will be announced on the day of the second lecture.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS
BOMBAY, Tuesday.
Mrs. Premnath Dass has arrived.
The Governor of Bombay received Mr. Des Raj Arora.
His Excellency and Rani Maharaj Singh visited the Haffking Institute at Parel, where they were received by Major-General Sir Sahib Singh Sokhey.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Wednesday, Feb. 11
244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Krishnabai Hukkeri (Kannad Bhajan) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Binapani Bahadur: (Bhairavin on Esraj) 8-45 Zawwar Husain (Thumri) 9-0 Krishnabai Hukkeri (Todi) 12-0 p.m. Variety programme (H & U) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Apni Apni Pasand 1.25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Wiener Boheme Orchestra (Lanner) 2-0 Reginald Foort at BBC Theatre (Handel-arr. Foort) 2-15 Alfredo & His Orch (Ferraris) 4-20 School Broadcasts 5-0 Binapani Bahaduri (Tilang on Esraj) 5-15 Serene H Doctor (Barwa) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Ghazalen 6-30 Manik Dadarker (Puria Dhanashri) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Surendra Nath (Film Songs) 7-30 Musanif Ki Zindgi (U) by Dr. Sir Mohd. Iqbal 7-45 Jagruti 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Reading from his own poems by Ahmed Akuji (Sirti) 8-45 Saad Ani Padsaad 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News 9-40 Recorded Interlude 9-45 Jaccuse' A mock trial (E) Participants: P. M. Lad, A. A. Peerbhoy and Hima Kesarcodi 10-15 Manik Dadarker (Malkauns) 10-35 Azmat Husain (Sawani).

VARIATIONS
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m. "Geetmanjari" 5-45 Binapani Bahaduri (Pilu on Esraj) 6-15 Rural Listeners.
61.48 m (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 p.m. Com. News 8-0 Serene H Doctor Gujarati Pad (Kant) 9-0 Azmat Husain (Khayal Vilambit) 10-0 Chamber Music 10-15 Alfredo Caselia (Piano) Pro Arte Quartet (Bloch).

AHINSA KA DERTA
On Wednesday, 11th February at 9-40 p.m. All India Radio, Bombay will present a special feature in Urdu on Mahatma Gandhi entitled "Ahinsa ka derta" written by Habib Tanvir and produced by Vijay Kishore Dubey. Those taking part are—Gohra Jan of Ambala, G .M. Durani, Mohd Rafi, etc.

CITY CONDOLENCE MEETINGS

BYCULLA D.C.C.: Meeting to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi today at Kamathipura 8th Street, at 9 p.m. Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister, Government of Bombay, will preside and Messrs. V. R. Tulla, Karandikar, Dr. Bhusrath, L. B Inabatti will speak.

"G" WARD D.C.C. Condolence meetings today to express sorrow at the tragic death of Mahatma Gandhi at 5 p.m. Harharwala Building, DeLisle Road, at 7 p.m. Nardulla Tank, Sayani Road, Sjt. Vaikunthalal L. Mehta, Finance Minister and Sjt. D. N. Wandrekar, Parliamentary Secretary, and other prominent leaders will address.

GIRL GUIDES ASSOCIATION: Meeting today at 11 a.m. at the Provincial Headquarters, Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, on the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS ORGANIZATION & THE ASSOCIATION OF INDIAN INDUSTRIES: Special meeting today at 6 p.m. at the office of the Organization, Industrial Assurance Building, Opposite: Churchgate Station, Fort, Bombay, to mourn the sad demise of Mahatma Gandhi.

SAMYUKTA KARNATAK SANGHA: Meeting of Bombay Kannadigas today at the Mysore Association Hall at 7 p.m. to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi Mr. R K Prabhu will preside.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Meeting to mourn death of Rao Bahadur S. S. Talmaki, The Hon'ble Mr Vaikunth Mehta, Minister for Finance and Co-operation presiding at Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, today at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY SUGAR MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION: The Sugar Market will remain closed on Thursday, the 12th instant, on account of the immersion ceremony of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes.

HINDU SEWAK SAMAJ: Public meeting today at 7 p.m. at Walpakhadi to offer prayers in memory of Mahatma Gandhi. There will be "bhajans" by Mr. Ramesh Gupta. The Home Member Mr. Morarji R. Desai will preside.

RESIDENTS OF 1ST PANJRAPOLE LANE (MADHAV BAUG): Condolence meeting today at 8-30 p.m. to pray for the soul of Mahatma Ganghi. Loud speaker arrangements have been made.

B.P. STUDENTS' CONGRESS: The President B.P.S.C. writes: The Bombay Provincial Students' Congress regrets to announce that the procession that was organised by it to pay its homage to Mahatma Gandhi on 11th instant has been cancelled. The students should join the Congress procession on 12th instant.

Tomorrow's Meetings

SWASTIK LEAGUE: Special Ceremonial parade of the Swastik League Volunteer Corps tomorrow Thursday at 6-30 a.m. at the Seth V. M. Swastik Mandir, to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

B.P.T.U.C.: Meeting to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi tomorrow Thursday, at 9 a.m. at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Girgaum. After the meeting, the members of the B.P.T.U.C. will join the procession organised by the B.P.C.C., which is to terminate at Chowpaty where the ashes of Mahatma Gandhi will be immersed.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Meeting to mourn death of Mahatma Gandhi, Rao Saheb R. N. Nayanpalli present, Mr. B. V. (Mama) Warerkar and Mr. R. S. Padbidri will address at Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, tomorrow Thursday at 9 a.m.

ST. PAUL'S HINDUSTANI CHURCH, BELLASIS ROAD, BYCULLA: Special Service in memory of Gandhiji tomorrw Thursday morning 9-15 a.m

SHARE BAZAR STAFF UNION: Procession will start from Share Bazar Trading Ring tomorrow Thursday at 8 a.m. to pay the last tribute to the ashes of Mahatma Gandhi. It will join the Congress procession from Town Hall at 8-30 a.m.

TEXTILE STORES & MACHINERY MERCHANTS: Mr. G. A. Kulkarni, the President of the Association of Merchants and Manufacturers of Textile Stores and Machinery, calls upon the trade and industry to suspend business tomorrow Thursday to pay homage, to Mahatma Gandhi.

MUSLIM LEAGUE CALL FOR HARTAL ON 12TH

BOMBAY, Feb. 10, (O.P.I.): Mr. Haji Hasanally P. Ebrahim, President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, has issued a statement "appealing to the Muslims all over the Province to observe complete "hartal" on Thursday and to hold public meetings wherever possible to explain the teachings of Gandhiji".

WARD RATIONING OFFICES TO BE CLOSED
All Ward and Area Rationing Offices in Greater Bombay, all Government Grain Shops, Government Godowns, Gur Supplying Centres, Cloth Distributing Centres, Central Separated Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India and Distribution Depots and Separated Milk Powder Godowns will remain closed on February 12.

PRAGUE-BOMBAY AIR SERVICE STARTS
PRAGUE, Feb. 10, (Reuter): The first aeroplane of the Czechoslavak Airlines on the proposed new service from Prague to Bombay left here today on a test flight, the Czechoslovak news agency reported.
The route will be via Rome, Athens Lydia, Baghdad, Bahrein Karachi and Bombay.
This first aeroplane, a 'Dakota' D. C. 3, carried representatives of the Czechoslovak Ministries for Foreign Affairs, Transport, Foreign Trade and the Postal Services as well as the Director-General of the Czechoslovak Airlines.

Thirty villages of the Navalgund Taluka of the Dharwar District have been declared by the Government of Bombay as a "market area" for the purposes of the purchase and sale of Cotton (ginned and unginned) and safflower.

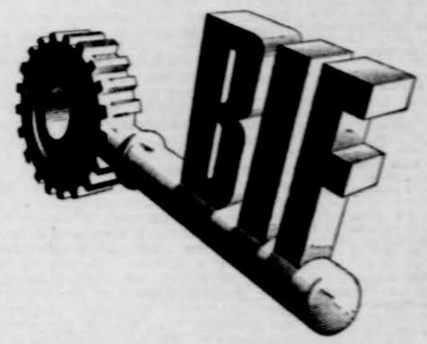
VOTE FOR CONGRESS

Appeal Of Rajen Babu And Maulana Azad

Mr. P. R. Lele, Publicity Secretary, Congress Municipal Election Committee, writes:—
On Saturday, 14th February, three lakhs twentynine thousand voters distributed over twelve wards will be going to the polls to elect thirty-seven members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation. The subsequent dates for polling are 17th and 19th respectively. The Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and the ex-President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad have appealed to them to vote for Congress.
Dr. Rajendra Prasad says: "The Municipal Election for the City of Bombay is being contested by Congress candidates nominated by the Bombay P.C.C. I wish and hope that they will all get the votes of the voters there, who will return them with overwhelming majority. Bombay has always been known to give solid support to the Congress and this time too it will prove so."
Maulana Saheb says: "I trust voters will elect Congress candidates. I wish them all success."

GRANTS TO DISTRICT LOCAL BOARDS
The Government has modified its previous orders issued on January 6, 1948, regarding grant-in-aid to the District Local Boards and has decided that no grants on the basis of 15 p.c. of land revenue should be paid to the District Local Boards in respect of the current year and that the grants for the year 1948-49 and subsequent years should be subject to the approval of the Legislature.
Necessary steps are being taken for obtaining the approval of the Legislature and the final orders of the Government will be issued in due course.
The grants, if finally sanctioned will, however, be subject to the conditions laid down in the previous Orders.

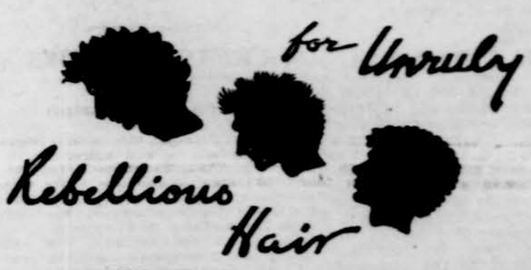
L.S.G.D. EXAMINATION RESULTS (July—November 1947)
The following students have passed the L.S.G.D. Exmination held in the month of December 1947.
(In order of Merits)
1. Mr. Rasklal G. Patel (with distinction) 2. Mr. Vithal Narayan Kalambi 3. Mr. K. N. Ramanuja Chariar 4. Mr. Vithoba Shankar Sawant 5. Mr. Devdatt Vasudeo Patki 6. Mr. Anthony Joe Trindade 7. Mr. Jayantilal Chimanlal Vani 8. Mr. K. S. Sonar 9. Mr. Kristappa G. Kadarmandayigi 10 Mr. Monoharlal Oza 11. Mr. Ramchandra Shankar Yardi 12. Mr. M. S. Ghode.

LONDON and BIRMINGHAM
BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR


1948
MAY 3-14

ON May 3rd 1948, when the British Industries Fair opens, buyers from all over the world will have an opportunity of inspecting the products of 3,000 United Kingdom manufacturers.
This annual event is the world's largest national trade Fair. Such is its size and importance that you are urged to *come yourself*. You are assured of personal contact with actual manufacturers or sole selling agents and you will find exhibits carefully grouped by trades so that comparisons may be made quickly. Above all you will see new achievements, new methods of manufacture and new ideas all executed with superb craftsmanship.
This is your only opportunity in 1948 to review within a few days the achievements of 87 United Kingdom industries.

For information and assistance you should apply to the nearest British Trade Commissioner's Office.



Swastik Perfumed Castor Oil

Just any hair oil will not help you if your hair is curly, unruly and rebellious. Swastik's Perfumed Castor Oil will bring out all the glory of such hair and will also enable you to dress it properly. Enchantingly perfumed, Swastik's Perfumed Castor Oil is an acknowledged favourite among men and women of discriminating tastes.
Perfumed Castor Oil
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD. BOMBAY

MURDERER & THE MURDERED!
Just Try To Imagine The Mind Of The Mad Man Who DARED To Murder MAHATMA GANDHI—
-An Identical Psychology Of A Mad Mind Brings A Tragic EndIn
KASHMIR FILMS'
Politically Conscious Picture
AHIMSA
—Based on the gospel of BAPUJI
Produced by: NAVIN YAJNIK & H. BAMZAI
From FRIDAY 20th Inst. at
NOVELTY

OPENING ON FRIDAY, 13TH: DAY AFTER TOMORROW!
ANTIST OF INTERNATIONAL REPUTE—
UDAY SHANKAR,
THE NAME THAT SPELLS MAGIC ON THE STAGE WILL NOW GLITTER WITH GREATER GLORY ON THE SCREEN.
KALPANA

UDAY SHANKAR'S
KALPANA
Produced Directed and Written by:
UDAY SHANKAR
Music:
VISHNUDASS SHIRALI.
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES Ltd. Release.
A STAGE & SCREEN PRESENTATIONS' PICTURE— SIMULTANEOUSLY OPENING AT 5 THEATRES
—: 1 :—
EXCELSIOR
Plans for Reservation open at the Theatre
Show Timings: Daily 2-30, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.
—: 2 :—
NEW WEST-END
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings: Daily 2-30, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.
—: 3 :—
HIND MATA
Talkies, Dadar
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings: Daily 3, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 12 noon
—: 4 :—
JAI-HIND
Talkies, Byculla
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings Daily 12 noon 3-15, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
—: Also at :—
—: 5 :—
RIVOLI
Matunga (B.B.)
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
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Daily Weather Summary

POONA, Feb. 10. (API). The following is the weather summary for Tuesday, the 10th Feb. 1948 :—

A fresh western disturbance is probably approaching the north North-West Frontier Province. A shallow trough of low pressure extends this morning from the Madras Deccan to Berar. Weather has been dry over the country. Night temperatures have risen in the Deccan and the Central parts of the country but still continue appreciably below normal in and near west Central India.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 11TH EVENING : Scattered light showers are likely in the central parts of the country, east Hyderabad, along the north Madras coast and in the extreme south of the Peninsula. Night temperatures will rise in the central parts of the country and in the west Deccan

ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 10 : (API.) The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall during the past 24 hours from 1st November 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (IST) on Monday....on Tuesday, the 10th February 1948.

Ahmedabad 88 55 0 4.4 plus 4.1 Bangalore 84 5 62 0 1.6 minus 1.8 Baroda 91 47 0 0.2 nil Belgaum 86 57 0 2.9 plus 0.9 BOMBAY 84 67 0 0.3 minus 0.4 Calcutta 77 57 0 3.2 plus 1.6 Colombo 89 75 0 15.6 minus 7.3 Cuttack 71 45 0 5.2 plus 2.8 Darjiling 53 33 0 0.3 minus 1.7 Dehradun 81 45 0 0.4 minus 4.3 Delhi 73 43 0 3.6 plus 0.8 Hyderabad (Dn) 89 70 0 1.4 Lucknow 76 44 0 4.2 minus 1.4 Madras 86 71 0 5.5 minus 5.4 Mahableshwar 78 58 0 1.5 minus 0.3 Mysore 86 66 0 2.3 minus 1.1 Nagpur 84 55 0 3.8 plus 1.8 Ootacamund 69 38 0 3.9 minus 5.5 Pachmarhi 74 50 42 0 2.6 plus 0.6 Patna 76 48 0 0.4 minus 1.0 Poona 91 54 0 1.8 plus 0.4 Rajkot 86 47 0 0.1 minus 0.3 Ravalpindi 63 38 0 0.5 minus 1.9 Shillong 63 38 0 0.6 minus 1.9 Sholapur 93 64 0 0.4 minus 0.5 Simla 51 37 0 0.1.9 minus 3.3 Surat 88 54 0 0.1 minus 0.8.

POONA RECORDS 'QUAKE IN TURKEY

POONA, Feb. 10 (API.) An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre about 3,150 miles away from Poona probably near Lat, 41, N. Long 2, 0 E in Turkey was recorded by the seismograph in the Meterological Office, Poona at 18 Hrs. 36 mins. I.S.T. on Monday the 9th February, 1948.

AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10 (API.) An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3,630 miles away, was recorded by the Alipore Seismograph at 18 hours 37 minutes on Monday, Feb. 9.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

To die for the Truth, is not to die merely for one's faith, or one's country; it is to die for the world. Their blood is shed in confirmation of the noblest claim—the claim to feed upon immortal Truth, to walk with God and be divinely free.

—COWPER.

The Bombay Chronicle

FINANCE CORPORATION

The Government of India's Bill to establish an Industrial Finance Corporation in India, as amended by the Select Committee, is a decided improvement upon the original draft. While the original bill applied only to the provinces in India, the amended form will apply also to those acceding states who by their Instrument of Accession accepted the subject matter of this bill as a matter with respect to which the Dominion Legislature might make laws for such states. It provides financial aid only to public limited companies and co-operative societies and not to private individuals, a feature that will help to popularise collective enterprise. The authorised capital of the corporation is raised from five to ten crores of rupees, though only five crores would be immediately issued for subscription.

The most important clause in the bill is naturally that which refers to the management of the Corporation. The management is entrusted to a Board of twelve members, including the Managing Director. Six out of these would be nominated by the Central Government and the Reserve Bank and of the other, six would be elected by the shareholders. Prof. K. T. Shah, a member of the Select Committee, has signed a minute of dissent expressing the view that such an enterprise should be completely State-owned and State-managed. In common with several others he emphasized this view in the House but conceded that under the proposed arrangements there was considerable control over the Corporation. It is true that the Select Committee has introduced a special clause under which the Central Government is empowered to issue from time to time directions to the Corporation on matters of policy. Government control, direct and indirect, is thus ensured to a great extent. Nevertheless, we feel that a Corporation of this character should be dominantly State-owned and State-controlled. The financing of industries with long-term loans is necessarily attended with risks. And to minimise these the administration is authorised to appoint Advisory Committees composed of men of experience and technical knowledge to advise the Corporation about the advisability of lending money to particular individual concerns.

A controversial amendment made by the Select Committee is that for purposes of taxation the Corporation will be considered as defined in the Indian Companies Act and the Income-Tax Act. This not only means that the Corporation will be subject to the Income Tax but also suggests that the Government of India wants to bring under the Income Tax Act not only private companies and individuals but also corporations wholly or partly owned by the States. The Finance Minister made this latter point crystal clear and justified the policy on the ground that "if our industries were to be nationalised, and if the Central and Provincial Governments were to pursue a policy of progressively bringing under State control and ownership the whole industrial and productive mechanism of this country, then, unless the obligation was placed upon these State enterprises to contribute to the Central Revenues an amount equivalent to the Income-Tax and Corporation Tax which these bodies would have paid if they had been privately managed concerns, it would be found in course of time that the most fruitful source of the Central Government's Revenue, namely, the Income-Tax, would altogether disappear." He also sugested that only when public concerns would undertake the obligation to pay taxes as if they were private individuals or companies would they "be impelled to apply sound commercial principles". We cannot accept the suggestion that a State commercial concern cannot realise the need for sound business principles unless it is subjected to the Income-Tax. When the State owns a business concern to ensure legitimate revenue, it naturally adopts all sound business principles far more for the sake of the whole of that revenue than because it has to part with a share of it as Income Tax. The Finance Minister himself is so exacting because he wants as much Income-Tax revenue as possible. However, we recognise that the whole financial structure of the Central Government is very largely based on the revenue from the Income Tax and the Corporation Tax. As the proposed Corporation is an all-India concern owned by the Central Government, it may well pay to that Government a share of its profit. But the principle cannot be applied as a matter of course to provincial Governments who may need to own business concerns for the sake of revenue or as a service to the people.

U. N. O. & Palestine

The draft statute for the International regime of the city of Jerusalem was published yesterday at Lake Success. It provides for a non-Palestinian Governor for the City with the flamboyant assurance that U.N.O. will guarantee the territorial integrity of the City and the maintenance of the Special International regime. A token of the impartiality of the International regime is offered by the provision that the citizens of the future Arab and Jewish State will enjoy only 'visitors' status' just like any foreign pilgrims. The draft statute marks the first, though insidious, attempt on the part of U.N.O. to plant its feet in the Holy Land. But it will not frighten the Arabs, as the Palestine Partition Commission itself is vegetating round about Lake Success, waiting for plane, passage and an international armed force to land the personnel with safety in Palestine. Britain is not prepared to carry the White Man's burden of the mandate any further and has already started quitting Palestine. She is not prepared to oblige the Soviet by forming the nucleus of an Arab and Jewish militia for the interim defence of Palestine. British decision not to let the U.N.O. Commission enter Palestine more than two weeks before the termination of the mandate has been the target of criticism in United Nations circles. The marriage of convenience between U. S. and Russia for the partition of Palestine is already leading to complications. Soviet Russia has deftly smuggled in a big quota of Jewish refugees of 'Cominform' persuasion. Both the Powers are at loggerheads as to who should supply the International Security force to implement partition operations. America is opposed to permitting Soviet troops in Palestine and at the same time, Mr. Truman has declared that he will not send U. S. forces to enforce partition. Then who is to bell the cat? Meanwhile, the Arab Higher Committee has declined the invitation of the U.N.O. Secretary General declaring that it will never submit to any Power going to Palestine to enforce partition. The Committee has advised the U.N.O. Commission not to be misled into believing that its efforts in the partition plan will meet with any success, and has declared that the only way to establish partition will be to wipe out the Arabs—"man, woman and child." The partition of Palestine may be flunted as a "settle fact" but the Arabs are out to unsettle it.

Frankly Speaking

Wanted Wholesome Propaganda

It is hard enough to suppress institutions fomenting communal hatred and the disturbances created by such hatred. But it is much harder to suppress the ideas spread by such institutions. These ideas are effectively broadcast through newspapers, and Government has done well to take effective action against papers that are grossly misusing the freedom long accorded to them in spite of frequent lapses. It is well too that responsible press associations fully support Government's action against such papers. But suppressive action is not enough. To neutralise propaganda in evil ideas it is necessary for Government, the press and the public to carry a contrary educative propaganda about sound democratic ideas with special reference to the evils of communalism in every shape or form

Minimum Wage

The Central Assembly has adopted without any serious opposition the Minimum Wage Bill, as reported by the Select Committee. It may not go as far as ardent labour welfare workers might wish. But it is good as a beginning. Its scope is bound to be widened in the light of experience. For that very reason it is necessary for Government and Labour leaders to see that the Act is implemented in the spirit in which the legislature has adopted. A great deal depends upon the amount fixed as the minimum wage in any particular area at any particular time. The amount will depend not only on the varying cost of living index but also on the output of the marginal productive concern, industrial or agricultural. It is true that a concern that cannot pay even this wage should go rather than that it should continue on the basis of exploitation. But it is equally true that the wage should not be so fixed as to drive many workers into unemployment. The minimum wage should always be determined in consultation with representative regional committees.

Anti-Prostitution Bill

Beneficent, though belated, is the Bombay Government's Bill amending the Prevention of Prostitution Act of 1923. According to the Bill, prostitution within a distance of 150 yards of a place of public religious worship, educational institution, park playground, cinema, railway station or thoroughfare over which tram cars run, in the Province of Bombay, will be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or fine of Rs. 200 or both. It is an extremely modest amendment which seems only to increase the penalties for the offences mentioned in the Act. It is, however, capable of being improved in the legislature. It may or may not be possible for the State to prevent open prostitution. But it ought not to tolerate a position which virtually advertises prostitution effectively.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Women's Procession

Sir,—On Sunday afternoon Bombay witnessed an unprecedented scene when a two-mile (approximately) long procession of the women of Bombay marched through the main thoroughfares of the city from Dhobi Talao to Chowpaty.

The silent and solemn way in which the procession marched as well as the exemplary discipline of the participants gave a lie to the oft-levelled charge against women that they cannot remain silent or quiet for long. The various institutions and workers who organised the procession as also all the participants really deserve to be congratulated for this.

It was heartening to see innumerable Muslim women marching along with their Hindu sisters without any hesitation. Members of other communities like Parsis, Christians, etc. were also to be seen.

Thus, Hindus and Muslims, Parsis and Christians, young and old, rich and poor all had come together to pray for their beloved Bapu—their father and saviour. Forgetting all differences and old grievances.

Let us hope that such processions instead of being mere demonstrations will be precursors of a greater and heartfelt unity and harmony between members of different communities for was not this the mission for which Bapu lived and died?.—Yours, etc.

USHA MEHTA.

"HE LAID DOWN HIS LIFE FOR HIS VISION"

Sir Francis Low's Tribute To Mahatma Gandhi At Christ Church Function

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Let us learn at least two things from the life of Mahatma Gandhi—a life dedicated to the service of his fellowmen. The first is his innate cheerfulness and the second is his belief in tolerance, brotherly love and unity", remarked Sir Francis Low while giving an appreciation of Mahatmaji at the Memorial Service for Mahatma Gandhi held this evening in Christ Church, Byculla, under the auspices of the Bombay Y.M.C.A., Y.W. C.A. and Students' Christian Movement.

Sir Francis said that he had first met Mahatmaji more than two decades ago and had the privilege of seeing him often during the intervening years. He had rightly been called the "Father of the Nation" and the architect of its independence. He was an apostle of non-violence, known and revered all over the world.

The secret of Gandhiji's tremendous hold on the people lay in this that he practised even better than he preached. He was not only a passionate believer in liberty but was a great friend of the lowly and the oppressed, continued Sir Francis.

LAID DOWN LIFE FOR VISION

Gandhi had the vision which saw the people of India, whatever their creed and community, living happily and in peace. This was the vision which he ceaselessly strove to realize and it was for this that he laid down his very life.

"The only tribute which we can pay to the memory of this truly great man is to carry out his great ideals of brotherly love and peace in our daily lives", said Sir Francis in conclusion.

INVOCATION

Earlier, the Rev. A. S. H. Johnson, Chaplain of the Cnrist Churcn in his invocation said:

"BRETHREN: We are met together here in the presence of Almighty God in commemoration of Mohandas Gandhi.

"We shall praise God for the life that he lived and the life that he gave not only for his own countrymen but also for the world and for mankind.

"We shall also seek God's mercy and forgiveness for our own share in the evils which brought about his death, and we shall ask for God's help that we and all men everywhere may learn to live without natred, strife or malice, in peace and love one with another.

"We shall also pray that God in His mercy will bring forth out of this time of strife a peace and harmony beyond all past experience, a new sense of brotherhood between men of different classes and creeds, a new reign of justice and freedom for all alike, a new submission to God's holy and life-giving laws.

"We shall now kneel for a few moments in silence prayer.

CHAPLAIN'S PRAYER

The Chaplain's prayer was as follows:

"O God of love, whose blessed Son didst say: Greater love hath no man than this that he lay down his life for his friends, we praise thy glorious name for the teaching and example of Mohandas Gandhi, and beseech thee to cleanse our hearts and minds from all malice and enmity, and to fill them with thy divine love, which alone can make us one with all men. Through the same Jesus Christ our Lord.

"Almighty and eternal God, who rulest over the hearts of men, guide with thy peaceable wisdom the rulers and peoples of this land of India that, inspired by the life and example of Mohandas Gandhi, they may be led into the way of peace and love within her borders, and with the nations which lie beyond her bounds, through Jesus Christ our Lord."

"ERADICATE VENOM OF COMMUNALISM"

"If we have genuine love and reverence for Mahatma Gandhi, it is our duty to eradicate the venom of communalism which has contaminated the life of the country," remarked Mr. S. A. Brelvi paying homage to Mahatma Gandhi this evening at a meeting held at the oForbes Hall under the auspices of the Pravuti Sangh.

Mr. Brelvi said that in last eleven days countless condolence meetings were held in every nook and corner of the country and numberless messages poured in from abroad mourning the death of the Father of the Nation. His death, Mr. Brelvi contended was not only a loss to India but to the whole world. When the world was enveloped in war and mass violence, the message of Gandhiji filled mankind with hope. With the invention of the atom bomb and lack of a strong international organisation, people from all over the world looked upon Gandhiji to find the way out of international warfare.

Continuing, he appealed that the people should implement the constructive programme of Gandhiji and consolidate the freedom he earned for us and make India strong and prosperous nation.

PARSI MEETING'S TRIBUTE

The city Parsis paid further tributes to the beloved memory of Mahatma Gandhi at a meeting held under the auspices of the United Parsi Association at Green's this evening. The condolence resolution passed on the occasion declared the departed Mahatma to be a great promoter of communal unity and the protector of minorities in India.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir, who presided, said that the best work of Mahatma Gandhi was in connection with communal unity after August 15 last. He hated injustice in any shape and fought against it all throughout his life. He never wavered in his principles, and it was for the principle that he had sacrificed his life.

Mr. Jehangir S. Chiniwalla said that Gandhiji was full of the milk of the human kindness. His message of non-violence had come as a great solace to the war-torn world, and was the only hope of lasting world peace.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder said that the only way in which they could perpetuate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi was by eradicating communalism and behaving in a non-violent manner.

GIRGAUM'S CONDOLENCE

Secretary, Girgaum D.C.C., writes:—

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee a public meeting was held on Monday at Arab Lane to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi the Father of Our Nation. The meeting was addressed by Shri Morarji R. Desai, Home Minister, Janab Hassan Ali P. Ibrahim, President, Muslim League, Janab Hafiz Ali Bhadur Khan, Janab Zahid Ali Shaukat Ali and Janab Mohamed Ahson, Editor AFTAB Daily.

The meeting passed a condolence resolution and extended its full support to the Nehru Government.

BOMBAY MUSLIM WOMEN'S HOMAGE TO GANDHIJI

A meeting of the members of the Anjuman-i-Khwateen Bombay was held on Monday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Rubahbai Matcheswala, Sahru Castle, Mohamed Ali Road, to condole the death of Mahatma Gandhi. Mrs. Sakina Lukmani presiding. A resolution was passed, paying homage to the memory of Gandhiji, "the beloved leader of the nation who preached communal harmony and brought freedom to India" taking pride in the fact that India produced a leader who taught the world the lesson of Truth and Love, and appealing to women to translate his message of love and peace into action. About two hundred members of the Anjuman were present and among the speakers were Mrs. Sultana Faizee Mrs. Kulsun Sayani Birpis Brelvi, Mrs. Salaha Abid Hussain Mrs. Fatma Ismail, Mrs. Harris and Mrs. Kulsum Khan."

GANDHIJI AND HARIJAN

Mr A. K. Shastri writes:—

Please publish the following rejoinder to the letter "Gandhi and Harijan" of Bhai Amarsingh of Khalsa College, which appeared in your today's daily.

"The Hon. Babasaheb Dr. B. R. Ambedkar the Law Member, being one of the Cabinet Ministers his views on the irreparable loss of the "Father of the Nation", have already been expressed through the Prime Minister Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru. As I happened to be with him in Delhi at the time of assassination. I know his deep and heart-felt feelings . He was shocked at the news of the untimely and tragic end of Mahatmaji. He attended the funeral procession along with the Cabinet Ministers."

W. Bengal Assembly's Tribute To Mahatma

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): The West Bengal Legislative Assembly today paid its respectful homage to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi. In an atmosphere of deep mourning members representing different shades of opinion in the house spoke on the life and teachings of Mahatma Gandhi some of them recalling with gratitude their personal contacts with him.

The whole house stood in prayerful mood for two minutes following which it adjourned till February 13 next.

BUILD UP FOOD RESERVES OR FACE FAMINE

Madras Premier On Food Situation In Province

MADRAS, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): Famine conditions caused by the failure of the north-east monsoon were now prevailing over an area of 50,000 square miles in the Province said Mr. O.P. Ramaswamy Reddiar, Premier of Madras addressing a meeting of the Provincial Food Advisory Board at the Secretariat today.

The Premier explained to the Board the general food situation in the Province and said the impacts of the food shortage would be keenly felt from April onwards." If we do not take immediate measures to bulid up the necessary food reserve." he said "The Madras Government will have to face the same odium which Bengal faced some years ago.

REPRESENTATIONS TO DELHI

Dr. T. S. Rajan Food Minister told the board that a "tremendous food crisis" was in store for the province during the middle of 1948. He estimated the total shortage of food grains at 21,00,000 tons.

The food shortage in the past, he pointed out had never exceeded 6,00,000 tons. "The crisis which is four-fold this year is, therefore, the worst the province has ever had to face." He said this situation would not have arisen if the north-est monsoon had not failed

The Minister disclosed that the Government of India had agreed to increase to supplies to a greater extent if India were able to obtain an increased quota from International Food Council. "If by some means either by increase of food production or through exports we can take the province through the month of September, we would then have come out of the crisis successfully." he added.

FOOD SHIPS ARRIVE

MADRAS, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): S. S. "Stylianos Nylass Opulos", carrying 9,500 tons of maize arrived at Cochin harbour on Monday. Madras will get 5,000 tons out of this consignment and Travancore will get the rest.

S. S. "Mount Atos" arrived at Madras harbour today with 6,848 tons of Argentine maize after discharging 3,000 tons of the same grain at Vizagapatam harbour. The entire quality is intended for Madras.

S. S. "Shazada" arrived at Cochin Port on Monday with 7,500 tons of Burma rice of which Travancore will get 5,000 tons and Cochin the balance.

Pakistan Rice For Bombay

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): Out of 20,100 tons of rice already released by Pakistan in implementation of its agreement with India, Bombay, Cochin, Madras, and Travancore have been allotted 6,000, 5,400, 5,000 and 3,700 tons respectively.

THOUSANDS FLOCK TO TOWN HALL

Pay Last Homage To Gandhiji

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Surmounted on a four-tiered, white draped catafalque is the shining copper urn containing the sacred ashes of Mahatma Gandhi. The urn was ceremonially installed at the Town Hall, yesterday by the Premier of Bombay Mr. B. G. Kher, and B.P.C.C. Chief Mr. S. K. Patil, followed by a solemn procession.

The scene is vividly reminiscent of a pilgrimage to a holy tabernacle in a Christian Church or to the shrine of St. Francis Xavier in Goa, where thousands flock in reverent homage.

Streams of men, women and children, not a few in tears have been filing past the catafalque which is bedecked in immaculate snow-white khaddar, in unending queues.

Mounting guard at the sacred spot are Desh-Sevikas, who keep the ghee-fed shimmering chandeliers burning all through the day and night.

The hallowed spot where the ashes lie in state, is secluded in an enclosure of floral tributes.

There are numerous wreaths which mourn the Father of the Nation in mute florescent language and all around is an improvised garden of stately lilies towering from earthen flower pots, chrysanthemums and crottens which adorn the place.

Police guards keeping a constant vigil outside the hall control the incessant flow of silent mourners who come in every minute to adore and worship the last remains of their beloved leader.

Military Pays Last Homage To Mahatma

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Today at 2-15 p.m. at the Town Hall, Bombay, the armed men of 3/5 Royal Gurkha Rifles, 3rd India Grenadiers, 3 O/S Garrison Company of Maratha Light Infantry and the R.I.N. Guards, who were led by Brig. D. S. Brar, C.B.E., Sub-Area Commander, Bombay, and Capt. B.S. Soman of R.I.N. Establishment, Bombay, respectively, paid their last homage to the relics of Mahatma Gandhi and laid the wreaths after saluting.

Capt. Maneckji of Home Guards, Bombay, who accompanied the party also saluted after laying the wreaths.

NEPAL REFORMS

Premier's Announcement At 'Durbar'

RAXAUL, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): Constitutional reforms which will be embodied in the Constitution Act of Nepal, 2004, were announced by His Highness Maharaja Padma Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana, Prime Minister of Nepal, at a "Durbar" yesterday.

The Durbar which was attended, among others, by the Indian Ambassador, Secretary of the British Embassy and Prominent Nepal chiefs was held at Bishalnagar in Khatamandu.

The following are the reforms:—

(1) Granting of fundamental rights as prevalent in other countries of the world.

(2) Adult franchise.

(3) Establishment of "Panchayats" as a nucleus of representative body.

(4) A bicameral Legislature in the Centre consisting of elected and nominated members.

(5) Inclusion of elected members in the Ministers' Council.

(6) An independent Judiciary according to old Hindu Panchayat system.

(7) Creation of an Administrative Committee and

(8) Establishment of a Public Service Commission.

BIRTHDAY OF THE KING OF EGYPT

(From a Correspondent)

King Farouk I of Egypt celebrates his 29th birthday on the 11th February 1948. He is a great monarch who is constantly striving for the good of his people and it is for this great characteristic that he has endeared himself to his subjects, whose loyalty and devotion towards their king are manifested by their keen love and interest in the Royal Family.

The king of Egypt is not self-centred, as his views and interests in Asiatic and oriental problems and his immense help and initiative in the cause of Asiatic countries—have directions of the future steps to solve been widely recognised and accepted for the advancement of other countries. The Arab League, about which so much has been heard and read, is instituted not on religious or communal grounds but for the benefit of all religious denominations in the Arab countries.

The Grand Mufti of Jerusalem was granted refuge and protection by His Majesty the King of Egypt when Egypt was in a very critical point of its history.

Meeting Of Arab Kings

In October 1946 the king of Egypt invited all the Arab Kings and Presidents of the Republic to the memorable Inshas Meeting. It was the first meeting of all the Arab Kings and the Presidents of the Republics and it was here that the plans and the Palestine question were worked out, which now stand as the Great Arab League whose greatest champion for the cause of the Arab countries is the King of Egypt.

The king's aid to Lebanon for its independence resulted in far-reaching progress and prosperity for the Lebanese nation. In 1945—when the French and Syrian relations led to bloody events in Syria-his medical aid was sent to the suffering people.

Egypt was the first country to recognise the Independence of the Indonesians and formed with them treaties of commerce as a sovereign state, and the other Arab countries followed the example of Egypt.

Sympathy For India

Egypt was always in great sympathy with India during its hard struggle for independence and had recognised the sacrifices and labours of its people for the attainment of its just place among the free nations of the world. Egypt was also the first State which supported India in the U.N.O. on the vexed question of the Indians in South Africa.

Upon the sad event of a few days ago Egyptians were greatly upset by the tragic disappearance of India's greatest leader whose loss is deeply felt in Egypt because the Egyptian looked upon Gandhiji as a great and noble figure and an Apostle of Non-Violence. Egypt has always admired Mahatma Gandhi's efforts which aimed at the Governance of peace and conciliation among the people.

NO RECEPTION ON BIRTHDAY

On the occasion of the birthday of the King of Egypt on the 11th February, there will be no receptions this year by the Consul for Egypt in Bombay.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

My spirit to yours dear brother,
Do not mind because many sounding your name do not understand you,
I do not sound your name, but I understand you,
I Specify you with joy, O my comrade to salute you, and to salute those who are with you, before and since, and those to come also.
That we all labour together transmitting the same charge and succession,
We few equals indifferent of lands, indifferent of times,
We enclosers of all continents, all castes, allowers of all theologies,
Compassionaters, perceivers, rapport of men,
We walk silent among disputes and assertions, but reject not the disputers nor anything that is asserted,
We hear the bawling and dim, we are reach'd at by divisions, jealousies, recriminations on every side,
They close peremptorily upon us to surround us, my comrade,
Yet we walk unheid, free, the whole earth over, journeying up and down till we make our ineffaceable mark upon time and the diverse eras,
Till we saturate time and eras, that the men and women of races, ages to come, may prove brethren and lovers as we are.

Salonika Under Shell Fire

Greek Guerillas Fight Hidden Battle

ATHENS, Feb. 10. (Reuter): Greek Rocket Fighter Aircraft attacked Greek guerillas who shelled Salonika, second city of Greece, for half an hour early today, authoritative Greek sources said tonight.

As the fighters chased the guerillas—reported to be heading towards the mountains in the Khalkidine Peninsula south of the town—Greek regular troops deployed round Salonika.

The shells, dropping on the town from a gun sited on Asvestochori hill, six miles north-east of the town, killed one British soldier and three civilians including a woman, and wounded two British soldiers and nine civilians including two children.

An explosion in the road opposite the British Consulate shattered the windows of the "Mediterranean Palace Hotel", Headquarters and residence of members of the United Nations Balkan Committee.

Major-General E. E. Down, Commanding British Troops in Greece, flew to Salonika from Athens today to investigate.

POWER STATION BLOWN UP

The British-owned power station of the Lake Kopais Company, which has valuable farm property 60 miles north-west of Athens, was blown up last night by Guerillas.

A British request has been made to the Greek authorities to send additional troops to protect the one hundred square miles of property.

BAN ON EXPORT OF KAPAS LIFTED

The Government of Bombay has cancelled with immediate effect the order issued in 1944, which imposed a ban on the export of kapas (i.e. row cotton containing cottonseed) from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay to any place in India outside the limits of the Province.

COMPLETE TASK FOR WHICH GANDHIJI DIED

Mahatma's Martyrdom Puts Congressmen On Trial

RAJEN BABU'S CALL FOR ERADICATION OF SOCIAL SIN WHICH LED TO GANDHIJI'S TRAGIC END

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10. (A.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, broadcasting in Hindustani from All-India Radio last night asked Congressmen who used to take pride in following Mahatma Gandhi fully to understand that the moment of their severest test had arrived.

"Today", the Congress President said, "every Congressman has to answer himself or herself, as to how far, covertly or overtly, he can be held responsible for Gandhi ji's tragic end.

Only if Congressmen had fully imbibed and lived upto Gandhiji's teachings, the present national calamity could not have overtaken us. Gandhiji has suffered because of our individual and collective sins".

Dr. Rajendra Prasad added: The mortal frame of Gandhiji is no more in our midst. His feet are not there now for us to touch. His hands are no more there to put us on our shoulders and bless us. Nor will his sweet voice now beckon us to the path of truth. His eyes, ever full of kindness, will no more bestow affection on us. But as he taught us, the body is perishable and the soul is immortal. Though his soul has left the body, yet it continues to watch our deeds, good and bad. We have to complete whatever he left unfinished and this is the only way we can befittingly honour his sacred memory. His great deeds and the unparalleled beautitude of his personality are enough to make his memory imperishable for all times to come and there does not seem to be any necessity of memorials; but man has to do something to give satisfaction to himself.

BEST MEMORIAL

It has, therefore, been suggested that all the constructive work which he so much championed in his life should be carried on with the fullest possible energy and devotion. It was through this constructive programme that Gandhiji's doctrine of love and non-violence blossomed; and only by carrying forward this programme can we keep his great teachings alive.

The Congress Working Committee which met recently made an appeal for Gandhiji Memorial fund. They appealed to every Indian to contribute ten per cent of his income to this fund which will be used for the purpose of carrying on Gandhiji's constructive programme. Anthologies of Gandhiji's writings and teachings and the material connected therewith will be published with the help of this fund. The names of those authorised to make collections will be announced later on.

I would, however, like to emphasise another aspect of the question today. There does not seem to be any need of making any special appeal for funds because people themselves are anxious to contribute.

HEART-RENDING TRAGEDY

Today I want to tell you what I feel about this heart-rending tragedy. Why was this heinous crime committed? Why was this sacrilege perpetrated? Why was the greatest apostle of non-violence in human history made a victim of the most heinous type of violence? Communal passions were being excited in India with such virulence and communal differences were being accentuated to such an extent that this seems to be a result of all that. Gandhiji had put all the force of his noble personality against this ignoble campaign of hate. What he could not bring about during his life time, it is our duty to achieve after his martyrdom. Can we ever dream that Gandhiji was bringing harm to the Hindus or to their religion? Was it ever possible that this Liberator of the Hindu community and Emancipator of the Low and Down-Trodden could even think of doing so? But men with narrow minds and limited vision who do not understand the core of Hindu Dharma thought it otherwise and the present calamity is a direct result of such an outlook.

May I ask how Gandhiji's assassination has saved Hindu religion or Hindu society? I make bold to say that Hindu History throughout the centuries does not record a tragedy of this magnitude. Hindu history is full of accounts of very many battles but all of them were essentially righteous wars. The Hindu code of chivalry strictly forbids killing any one treacherously. Hindu history does not record any instance when some one much less a Mahatma, was killed surreptitiously. This is perhaps one dark incident in Hindu history when an unchivalrous Hindu has dyed his hands with the blood of a saint. This is a blot on Hindus for all time to come.

SOCIAL SIN

Imagine, who was killed—Gandhiji's body or spirit? Gandhiji himself gave the least importance to his body which was shot. The bullet that pieced his heart.

I feel, has in reality pierced the heart of Hinduism itself. Today it is the solemn duty of every Indian to wake up and earnestly search his heart to find out whether he also harbours the sin of communalism or separatism. It is high time every one of us thoroughly cleansed his or her heart of this corroding poison. It is a social sin to condone one's own failings and follies and to look for shortcomings and sins in others. What every Indian needs most is earnest self-introspection and selfreform on which Gandhiji laid so much emphasis. If India is to live grow and prosper then she shall have to go along the path of truth and non-violence blazed by Gandhiji. It is the same path which brought us to the temple of freedom, but Surajya (Good Government) is yet to be attained.

TESTING TIME

Let all Congressmen who used to pride on following Gandhiji fully understand that the moment of their severest test has arrived. Today every Congressman has to answer himself or herself as to how far covertly or overtly he can be held responsible for Gandhiji's tragic end. Only if Congressmen had fully imbibed and lived Gandhiji's teachings the present national calamity could not have overtaken us. Gandhiji has suffered because of our individual and collective sins.

If indeed we want to achieve Surajya which to me means the rule of right all of us have yet to go a long way on the difficult path of discipline sacrifice and service. My Congress comrades please do not think that you can now rest on your laurels. You have yet to suffer and sacrifice to usher in the era of peace and plenty in your country. Indeed, the real time for renuciation is now when you have got something to sacrifice. Today power is in our hands and with it also the potentialities for good or evil. At least we have got a golden opportunity to act in keeping with India's high traditions and raise India's prestige in the eyes of the world. Let us prove ourselves worthy masters and worthy servants. During our struggle with British Power in India all our suffering was a negative sacrifice. Now is the time for us for positive renunciation of lust for power and greed of material advantages. This indeed it is renuciation that Gandhiji's spirit demonds from us.

May Gandhiji's supreme sacrifice evoke a higher response in us all. This is my sincere prayer and herein alone lies our country's redemption.

INDIA TO BUILD OWN SHIPPING

Bhabha Discloses Plans To Construct 50,000 Tons Per Year

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10. (A.P.I.): The Commerce Minister, Mr. C. H. Bhabha, replying to Mr. R. R. Diwakar in the Dominion Parliament today said that the question of development of shipbuilding industry so as to enable India to build within the next five years a minimum of 50,000 gross tons per annum was under consideration.

The total coastal shipping tonnage in India was approximately three lakhs gross (including British tonnage), and the whole of it was built in overseas yards. There were five main shipbuilding concerns in India, which during the years 1944, 1945 and 1946 built small launches of a total tonnage of 10,270, 8,503 and 18,544 tons respectively. Those launches were not suitable for coastal shipping.

Mr. Bhabha said it was the intention of the Government to encourage by all possible means the building in India of as many ships as possible and the matter was under active consideration. Government were releasing steel required for building ships and steel and cement required for extensions of shipbuilding yards and berths.

SHIP BUILDING SCHEME

The Commerce Minister said that Government had received a scheme for ship building and for mechanising country craft from Mr. A.M. Bhatt of Bhatkal, in Bombay Province. The question of giving assistance to Mr. Bhatt was under consideration in consultation with the Government of Bombay.

Replying to supplementaries, Mr. Bhabha said that he was not aware that the Bombay Government had declined to guarantee any help to Mr. Bhatt.

Mr. K. Santhanam asked if Government, instead of encouraging individual attempts on a small scale, would themselves make a concerted effort to develop shipbuilding.

Mr. Bhabha replied that Government would consider the suggestion.

THEY QUIT PAKISTAN CONSEMBLY

KARACHI, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): The follwing, it is learned, have resigned their membership of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly:—

Mirza Hassan Ispahani (now Pakistan's Ambassador to the United States),
Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan,
Maulana Abul Kalam Azad,
Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram,
Mr. Bhimsen Sachar,
Sardar Kartar Singh and
Sardar Ujjal Singh.

DIVIDED WE FALL: MAHATMA'S LAST WARNING

Broadcasting a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister said:— "Mahatma Gandhi's life was a beacon of light in this dark and troubled age. We in this country hold him in high esteem for his leadership in the battle of our motherland's freedom. We know him as our General, our guide and the Father of our Nation. And we are fully justified. To the world at large he was a teacher a seer a prophet. He gave to mankind a lesson which was as unique as it was sublime. He proved in a practical way that brute might can be conquered without being brutish—that true might is not of sinews but of spirit. In a world torn asunder by wars, hatred, suspicions and fear, Gandhiji came with his message of love for fellowmen. To him true conquest was not the conquest of the battlefield, but the conquest of self.

"In his last days, Mahatma Gandhi threw himself body and soul to halt the madness that had overtaken us in regard to inter-communal relations He was not affected by the gravest provocations and stood unrelentingly in defence of the victims of mob fury. To our shame, we must admit that it was the accumulated weight of the horrible crimes that were perpetrated all around which forced Gandhiji to undertake an indefinite fast. That we drove him into this suffering during the last few days of his life, will ever remain a blot on us all.

"My humble view is that if we go in fact honour and revere the memory of our Bapu— if we do wish to be worthly of him it is our duty to wash ourselves clean of this black blot. We must efface from our mind even the thought of any ill-feeling against other communities and groups. Hindus, Muslims, Christians, Parsis and Sikhs must learn to live in India as fellow citizens of a common motherland as children indeed of the Father of the Nation whom we have lost. That way, we shall pay true homage to Gandhiji's memory. That way we shall ensure peace and true happiness in our motherland.

Gandhiji warned us that if we keep fighting among ourselves, someone else will come in and subjugate us once again. I heard him utter this warning. It came from the depth of his soul. Let us not forget it—whatever else we do. Let us not forget that it was the poison of fratricide that led the assassin to kill Gandhiji. We may not abhor the assassin, but we must abhor the poison that was in him. Let us my fellow—countrymen, close up our ranks and become truly united in mind and spirit. That way we shall complete the noble work of Mahatma Gandhi. That way we shall secure the freedom of our motherland."

BRITAIN'S FINANCIAL POSITION WORSENS

LONDON, Feb. 10, (Reuter): Britain's adverse balance of payments in 1947 was £ 675,000,000.

This gap between expenditure on imports and receipts for exports had widned thus far from £ 380,000,000 in 1946 and £ 70,000,000 in 1948.

Provisional figures for 1947 contained in a Government statement on balance of payments issued today revealed that Britain's payments for 1947 totalled £ 2,105,000,000 against receipts for £ 1,430,000,000.

DRAIN ON U. K. GOLD AND DOLLAR RESERVES

The net drain on the United Kingdom gold and dollar reserves last year was £ 1,023,000,000. This was made up by a decrease in gold and dollar holdings of £ 151,000,000 drawings on United States credit of £ 707,000,000 drawings on Canadian credit of £ 105,000,000 and £ 60,000,000 from the International Monetary Fund.

The net change in the United Kingdom external capital assets is shown by a credit figure of £ 206,000,000 as against a deficit of £ 114,000,000 in 1946.

The change in sterling balances shows a deficit of £ 142,000,000 against a credit figure of £ 40,000,000 for 1946.

The worsening of the balance of payments in 1947 was primarily in Britain's relations with the Western Hemisphere.

CRIPPS WARNS NATION

LONDON, Feb. 10 (Reuter): British Chancellor of Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps tonight warned the nation that the gap between its overseas' expenditure and its present earnings had reached "menacing proportions."

Unless it was closed by the efforts of the British people, supported, he hoped, by Marshall Aid, essential supplies of food and raw materials would be cut off.

A few minutes earlier the British Government had disclosed that it spent £ 675,000,000 more on imports last year than it earned from exports.

Sir Stafford Cripps said the strain on British resources was even greater than today's provisional figures suggested.

ALL SET FOR LAST RITES FOR "BAPU"

(Continued from Page 1)

ashes was carried by the Nawab of Rampur to his State today for immersion in the confluence of Kosi and Ramganga rivers.

The ashes were contained in a forty-pound urn made of eight metals.

The Nawab of Rampur, accompanied by his Begum, the heir-apparent and his wife and the Prime Minister Mr. Zaidi and other officials, arrived here today by a special train. The Nawab and party visited the cremation ground at Raj Ghat where the Nawab placed wreaths of flowers on the spot where Mahatma Gandhi was cremated.

Later, the Nawab received the ashes from Mr. Devdas Gandhi and left for Rampur.

The special train will halt at all important stations to enable people to have "darshan".

Tomorrow, the ashes will be carried in a procession on an elephant with a golden canopy to the Governor's Stadium at Rampur where the Nawab will address condolence meeting. Later, a portion of these ashes will be buried in front of "Nawab Darwaza" the main gate of Rampur City where a monument will be erected in the shape of an Asoka Pillar with the Mahatma's bust on top. The rest of the ashes will be immersed on February 12, at the confluence of Kosi and Ram Ganga rivers, twenty miles from Rampur City. A public holiday is announced in the State on February 12.

IN BOMBAY PROVINCE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The arrangements in connection with the immersion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in this Province have now been completed.

After giving a small portion of the ashes allotted to this Province to the representatives of the people at such places as Bardoli and Nandurbar for immersion in the local rivers, the balance has been distributed to four different centres, namely, Bombay City, Nasik, Ahmedabad and Gokarn.

IN BOMBAY CITY, the ashes will be immersed in the sea near the Chaupatti.

IN NASIK, the ashes will be carried there by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, and immersed near Ramkund in the Godavari river at about 11-45 a.m. on Thursday, February 12. His Excellency the Governor and the Ministers of the Bombay Government will be present at the ceremony.

AT AHMEDABAD AND GOKARN

The ashes have been sent to Ahmedabad with the Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier of Bombay and will be immersed in the Sabarmati river on Thursday, February 12.

The ashes have also been sent to Gokarn with the Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Agriculture and will be immersed in the Aganashini river at Gokarn on the same day.

AT GHATKOPAR

A portion of Mahatmaji's ashes received by the Ghatkopar Congress Committee will be displayed at the Dhanji Devshi Rashtriyashala Hall, Ghatkopar today from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. These ashes will be taken from there on Thursday in a public procession through to the local creek and immersed in the sea at 11 a.m. after public prayers.

IN SATARA

Mr. P. P. Gokhale, M.L.A., Satara, has arrived here to take a portion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes for being immersed at Karad in Satara District.

Another portion of the asnes is being taken over to Chiplun in Ratnagiri Distrct by the President of the Chiplun Taluka Congress Committee for immersion there.

AT PANDHARPUR

POONA, Feb. 10, (U.P.I.): Gandhiji's ashes are being brought here tonight, for immersion at Alandi in the Indrayani river at Pandharpur, in the Chandrabhaga river and possibly at Narasobachi Wadi in the Krishna river.

The quota of Gandhiji's ashes for Karnatak passed through Poona this morning for being immersed at Gokarn Mahableshwar.

IN BARODA

The Government of Baroda are deputing a Minister to Ahmedabad to fetch Mahatmaji's ashes. They will be duly immersed with proper ceremonies at Morli Sangam at Chandod on the 12th instant.

His Highness the Maharaja has ordered that 12th February should be observed as a day of mourning and prayer throughout the State. Schools, offices and institutions including Banks, should be closed. The flag on the Mandvi should be flown at half-mast on that day.

IN GOA

BOMBAY, Feb. 10, (I.P.A.): At the request of the people of Goa, a portion of the Gandhiji's ashes has been taken down to Goa today by Rev. Father Mascarenhas, Principal of St. Sebastian High School and others. These ashes will be submerged at the shore of Gaspar Dias, near basin in river Mennaedovi on February 12 at 5 p.m. when the proposed Government sponsored all Goa public meeting will be held. The Governor-General and other high dignitaries of Church and State will attend during the ceremony.

IN MORVI

A portion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes were brought to Morvi yesterday for immersion in the State on February 12 and were taken in a procession throughout the town, according to a telegram received from Morvi.

The telegram adds that the Maharaja of Morvi has given a donation of rupees five lakhs for erecting a statue of Mahatma Gandhi and building a town hall at Morvi in his memory.

AT SEVAGRAM

SEWAGRAM, Feb. 10 (U.P.I.): Two ceremonies will be held here tomorrow and the day after in connection with the immersion of Gandhiji's sacred ashes a portion of which has been kept in Gandhiji's hut at a little village four miles from Wardha. Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, the Governor, arrived here tonight to participate in the ceremonies.

On Thursday Gandhiji's Asthi will be taken in procession in Wardha reaching Paunar at 12 noon. The Governor will perform the function at Paunar and Mr. Vinobaji Bhave Acharya Kalelkar Saint Tukdoji Maharaj and Mr. Kishorilal Mashroowala will address the gathering at Paunar.

IN MADRAS PROVINCE

MADRAS, Feb 10, (A.P.I.): A portion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes lying in State at the Banqueting Hall in Madras will be immersed in the Tungabhadra river it is now authoritatively learnt.

The immersion ceremony will take place at Chakrathirtham of the Tungabhadra river at Humpi, on Thursday.

AT CAPE COMORIN

A portion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes for immersion in the sea at Cape Comorin on Feb. was handed oved to Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister this evening at the Banqueting Hall.

Mr. Madhava Menon, accompanied by Mrs. Madhava Menon, M.L.A. later left by the Cochin Express in a special saloon for Eranakulam En Route to Cape Comorin.

AT MADURA

MADURA, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): Thousands of people in great veneration are visiting Puthumandapam, opposite Sri Meenakshi Temple, since this afternoon to have the 'darshan' of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes and a small particle of earth brought from Raj Ghat, Delhi where Mahatma Gandhi was cremated.

AT BEZWADA.

BEZWADA, Feb. 10, (A.P.I.): Elaborate arrangements are being made here in connection with the immersion ceremony of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in the river Kistna on Thursday. Additional reserve police has been drafted from neighbouring districts to supplement to local police force for maintaining peace and order.

It is estimated about a lakh of people will be assembling at the Kistna pathing ghat to pay their last homage to the departed leader.

Two Ministers of the Madras Government Mr. Kala Venkatarao and Mr. Kumarayya, will arrive here tomorrow evening by the Grand Trunk Express with Mahatma Gandhi's ashes allotted to Andhra.

A number of public institutions and individuals have arranged to feed the poor on that day.

IN MEERUT

MEERUT, Feb 9 (API.) A portion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes was brought here this afternoon from Delhi. A large crowd present at Ramlila Ground formed into procession and the ashes were taken to the Congress Committee Office.

The ashes will be taken to Gurhmukteshwar, 29 miles from here on February 12 for immersion.

AT JULLUNDER

JULLUNDER, Feb. 9 (API.) Dr. Lehnasingh, General Secretary of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, has telegraphically requested the members of the Working Committee of the P.P.C.C. to attend the immersion ceremony at Philiaur on February 12. A meeting of the Working Committee of the P.P.C.C. will be held at Jullunder on Feb. 12 to consider the present political situation in the province.

IN ORISSA

CUTTACK, Feb. 10 (API.) Orissa's share of the ashes of Mahatma Gandhi will be brought here by the Governor, Dr. K. N. Katju, on the morning of Feb. 12. The urn will be taken in a procession to the Congress Office and will be on public view near the Kaijuri River bank, where the Presidents of the Provincial Congress Committee and Orissa States Praja Mandals will pay pay their homage to Mahatma Gandhi's memory.

The immersion will then take place either at Puri or at Cuttack.

IN EAST PAKISTAN

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10 (API.) Arrangements are being made for the immersion of portions of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in Eastern Pakistan.

The President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, returned to Calcutta last evening from Delhi with a portion of the ashes for immersion in Noakhali.

Dr. P. C. Ghosh, former Premier of Bengal, left today for Dacca, the Capital of Eastern Pakistan, to make arrangements in this connection.

IN CALCUTTA

A fleet of aircraft, belonging to the Bengal flying club and piloted by club members will shower flowers from air on the occasion of the immersion ceremony of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes in the river Hooghly at Barrackpore.

The Government of West Bengal has issued an appeal to the people of the province to refrain from slaughtering animals on February 12, the day fixed for the immersion of Mahatma Gandhi's ashes throughout the country.

IN ASSAM

GAUHATI, Feb. 9 (API.) On an urgent request from Manipur State and Kohima, portions of Mahatma Gandhi' ashes are being sent to these two places tomorrow.

The immersion ceremony at Gauhati will commence with a procession at 8 a.m. Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, the Premier, will carry the ashes to Sukleswar Ghat on Feb. 12 and the immersion will take place at 9-30 a.m. amidst the chanting of prayers. In the evening the Governor, Sir Akbar Hyiari, will attend a prayer meeting at Judge's Field.

GOVT. TAKES PRECAUTIONS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay would like to inform and assure the public that all necessary precautions have been taken to ensure that the ceremony of immersion of Mahatmaji's ashes on February 12 is performed in a fitting, peaceful and orderly manner.

No section of the public need entertain any feeling of misgivings or nervousness over any possible disturbance of the peace. The Police have been ordered to adopt the strongest and deterrent action against all elements trying to create mischief of any kind.

Bombay Ban On Two More Organisations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has issued notifications declaring the following organisations and volunteer bodies working under their direction or management as unlawful associations as these organisations constitute, in the opinion of Government, danger to the public peace:

(a) The organisation known as Samata Sainik Dal;
(b) The organisation known as the Red Guards.

DOCUMENTS SEIZED AT AKOLA

AKOLA, Feb. 10 (UPI): It is reliably understood that a very important document disclosing a definite link and dates of an All-India R.S.S. conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi and other Congress leaders, has been recovered and handed over to the District authorities by some responsible Congress workers of Akola.

The total number of arrests of RSS members so far made in the Akola district is nearly 90.

Yesterday 4 Muslim National Guard officers and one Khaksar were also taken into custody by the police.

AHMEDABAD MUSLIM EDITORS IN CUSTODY

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 10 (API): Eight people were arrested during the course of yesterday and the early hours of this morning following the ban on the Muslim National Guards Organisation.

The police raided the office of the Muslim National Guards in the city and arrested some persons.

Among those arrested are the President of the Ahmedabad primary Muslim League, Mr. Nizamuddin Quereshi and the Editors of the 'Din' and 'Inquila'.

CORPORATION BILL UNDER FIRE

(Continued from Page 1)

ing the case, it was quite right that private institutions should hold shares.

PERPETUATING PRIVATE ENTERPRISE

Kazi Syed Karimuddin criticised the "capitalist character" of the Bill and opposed it. The provisions of the Bill, he said, were unwelcome to a large section inside as well as outside the House. He quoted the Finance Minister as saying on a previous occasion that "private enterprise will be maintained for years to come."

Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, Finance Minister: "I cannot allow a statement on such an important issue to go unchallenged. What I said was that even if the policy of nationalisation was adopted, there would still be room for private enterprise for years to come."

Proceeding Mr. Karimuddin said: "This country has vast resources and there is no need for establishing a Corporation like this, whose main aim would be to perpetuate private enterprise."

Mr. Mohan Lal Gautam said that the Bill would strengthen the hands of capitalists. Accepted principles could not be sacrificed for the sake of expediency. The Bill was a negation of the promises which Congressmen had given to the people at the time of the elections, and he suggested that the Bill be withdrawn and presented again in an amended form.

Mr. A. C. Subramanyam said that the State was not at present in a position to undertake the entire industrialisation of the country and the help of private enterprise was essential. There were certain industries which were essential in the national interest, but which the State was not in a position to start, while private enterprise might hesitate to undertake them in the absence of prospects of immediate returns. The proposed Corporation would enable private enterprise to start such industries.

Babu Ram Narain Singh said that any Bill which recognised private enterprise was unsuited to the present times. The Bill was unnecessary and the Finance Minister should withdraw it and introduce it only if and when the need arose. The Bill had been drafted during the British regime, and though it had been introduced by a Popular Government it still retained its old complexion.

FINANCE MEMBER'S REPLY

Replying the debate, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, Finance Minister, said that the Government of India had not yet formulated their policy of industrial and economic development of the country, especially with reference to the policy of nationalisation. He had no doubt that when the Government considered this question, they would take into account the desire expressed both in the House and outside, the resolutions of the Industries Conference and also the report of the Economic Sub-Committee of the All-India Congress Committee."

A more practical question which the House should take into consideration was whether in the present circumstances it was advisable to have a Corporation completely owned by the State. The most cogent and convincing answer to the question was given by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya. He himself at one stage of the discussion in the Select Committee very strongly advocated the consideration of the question whether they should not have a completely State-owned Corporation, but after consideration of the various points of view, he and the majority of the members of the Select Committee came to the definite conclusion that for the present the structure of the Corporation as they had evolved was the most suitable and appropriate.

Proceeding, the Finance Minister said that when members analysed the various clauses of the Bill, they would e convinced that the control exercised on the Corporation was indeed very rigid and there should not be slightest scope for any group of private individuals to manipulate the operations of the Corporation to the individual advantage of any one person or group of persons.

Forty per cent of the shares would be held by Government and the Reserve Bank. The Co-operative Banks would hold ten per cent of the shares. As soon as they nationalised the Imperial Bank, the share holding of the Government would probably become fifty-one or fifty-two per cent altogether, including the share holding of the Reserve Bank. The balance in the Board was such that Government could exercise very effective control. Over and above that there was a provision that Government would be entitled to issue from time to time directives to the Board on questions of policy and that Government would be the sole judge as to what were the questions of policy and what were not. With regard to the payment of dividend, it had been provided that until the Reserve Fund became equal to the share capital and until all subventions granted by the Government in virtue of their guarantee were repaid, the dividend declared should not exceed the guaranteed rate of the Government.

It means that assuming that the guaranteed rate was somewhere round about the market rate of Government Securities, the dividend could not exceed that rate for ten years to come and even after that period, the maximum dividend permissible was five per cent. He asked whether any one had reasonable apprehensions that in spite of all those rigid controls there was any chance of the Corporation being manipulated to the advantage of private individuals or groups. He had no doubt in his mind on the point.

Taking all factors into consideration, and more especially the present resources of the Government, he felt that to set up a Corporation on the basis of the Bill that was now before the House would be the wisest thing to do.

The House agreed to the motion for consideration and proceeded with the discussion of Clauses.

K. T. SHAH'S AMENDMENT

The Finance Minister accepted three verbl amendments moved by Mr. Nazimuddin Ahmad and two amendments moved by Mr. K. Santhanam to Clause Two of the Bill dealing with interpretation.

Prof. W. T. Shah moved a Substitute Clause dealing with share capital and shareholders of the Corporation. The amendment sought to increase the initial capital of the Corporation from ten crores to twenty crores, and that the initial capital shall be provided Provincial Governments or by the Government, or through the Central and Provincial Governments or by the Government, or through the Central and Provincial Governments or by the Government of an Indian state subject to the Central Government holding fifteen per cent of the initial capital."

The amendment further prescribed that the Central Government might, after five years from the establishment of the Corporation, increase the capital from time to time in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India. Whenever the Central Government decided to increase the capital of the Corporation, the additional capital should be distributed as between the Central, Provincial and State Government in the same proportions in which each Government held the shares or stock on the date of the additional issue.

The effect of Prof. Shah amendment was that it made the Corporation an exclusively State concern without any shares being allotted to private bodies.

Prof. Shah urged that in extending aid to any industrial concern, the Finance Corporation should satisfy itself that the labour in the concern got a fair deal.

Mr. Ramalingam Chettiar opposed Prof. Shah's amendment on the ground that it was not expected that all kinds of industries would approach the Corporation for aid. The extension of aid was limited only to such of those industries as had limited resources and could not raise additional funds. The expansion of industries by big financiers would not be affected by nationalising the Corporation.

The discussion on the amendment had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

R

FOR DISCREPANCIES in the stock of rationed articles, for non-compliance with instructions regarding sales register and stock book; for failure to attend to customers during shop working hours and for obstructing a Rationing Inspector in the discharge of his duties, Government of Bombay has cancelled the authorisation granted to Padamshi Narshi, Proprietor Ration Shop No. 381, Wadia House, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

International Regime For Jerusalem

U. N. O. To Guarantee Territorial Integrity Of City

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 10 (Reuter) The draft statute for the international regime of the City of Jerusalem to be submitted by the special working committee to the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations on February 16 was made public today.

There are ten main provisions of the 29-page draft statute. These are:

(1) The United Nations would guarantee the territorial integrity of the city and the maintenance of the special international regime;

(2) The City itself would be demilitarised, with no "military" formations;

NO NATIONAL AS GOVERNOR

(3) A Governor would be appointed for a three-year term, which could be extended if necessary, and he would be eligible for reappointment. No resident of the city or of the Arab or Jewish State would be eligible.

He would have supreme executive authority, subject only to instructions of the Trusteeship Council.

The Governor would also have powers for the maintenance and protection of Holy Places elsewhere in Palestine;

(4) The Legislative Council would consist of a single chamber elected by citizens of Jerusalem over 25 years of age. Citizens by definition of the statute, would not include any persons opting for citizenship in the Arab State or the Jewish State;

(5) Several alternative proposals for the composition of the Legislative Council are included in the draft statute for decision of the trusteeship council. One provides for a 40-member legislature with 18 members elected separately by the Arabs in the city, 18 by Jews and four by other residents. Under another plan, the Legislature would have the same composition, but the vote would not be separate.

Under a third plan, there would be a 30-member legislature—10 Arabs, 10 Jews and 10 Christians;

(6) The Legislative Council would have a 4 year term which could be prolonged by the Governor, if necessary. A simple majority of members would form a quorum and decisions would be taken by simple majority of those present and voting;

JUDICIAL SYSTEM

(7) The City would have an independent judicial system, including a supreme court of three to five judges appointed by the trusteeship Council;

(8) Subject to "requirements of public order, security and public health' and the economic welfare of residents, citizens of the Arab State and the Jewish State would have the same access to the city, as would Foreign pilgrims and visitors. Immigration would be controlled by the Governor under instruction of the Trusteeship Council.

(9) Arabic and Hebrew would be the official language of the city, with English and French recognised as additional working languages. An adequate "system of primary and secondary education would be maintained on an equitable basis" for the Arab and Jewish communities in their respective languages and in accordance with their respective cultural traditions;

(10) The City would be included within the economic union of Palestine, but would operate its own Central Bank, control its own fiscal and credit policy and conduct international financial operations. Existing municipal bodies and any that might be created in the future would have wide powers of local autonomy.

Arabs To Open Second Front In Palestine

CAIRO, Feb. 9 (Reuter): Arabs have "sunk or shelved" political differences to pave the way for military action in Palestine because of the proximity of the date of the British withdrawal, an Arab personality in close touch with the current deliberations of the Arab League Council said here tonight.

This explained why the Council decided to leave aside the question of the formation of an Arab Government for Palestine he said.

Commenting on a report from Jerusalem that the Arabs were preparing to launch an offensive next Sunday the Arab informant said he was not aware that any date had been fixed but he added that something was definitely in the offing.

The Political Committee now sitting is discussing the purely military aspects of the Palestine situation, he added.

The newly appointed Commander of the Arab army preparing for the liberation of Palestine, Iraq's General Ismail Safwat Pasha, arrived here tonight from Damascus and was attending tonight's meeting of the Arab League Political Committee.

He brought with him a report on the progress of military operations in Palestine since partition which, it was understood, suggested the opening of a "second front" from the south—the Sinai desert—with the object of compelling Haganah, the Jewish defence organisation, to split its forces inside Palestine.

'Threat To Peace In Palestine'

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb 10, (Reuter): It was learned here last night that the United Nations Palestine Commission, stating that there was an Arab attempt to alter by force the United Nations plan for the partition of the Holy Land, will this week ask the Security Council to determine that "there is a threat to peace" in Palestine and will call upon the Council to take action.

The Commission's statement emphasised the need for "an international force" if the General Assembly's scheme for dividing Palestine into Jewish and Arab states to be implemented.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India presided over the meeting of the Governing Body of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research on February 6.

King Extends Best Wishes To Ceylon

Duke Of Gloucester Reads Message At Opening Of Parliament

COLOMBO Feb. 10. (Reuter): The King expressed his satisfaction at the achievement of Ceylon's independence by peaceful methods in the speech from the throne read by the Duke of Gloucester at the opening of the New Dominion Parliament.

"I congratulate my people of Ceylon on their achievement and extend to them my best wishes for the future", the King said.

Regretting that he had not been able to address the two houses of the Ceylon Parliament in person, the King said: "After a period of nearly a century and a half, during which the status of Ceylon was that of a colony in my empire, she now takes her place as a free and independent member of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

"That Ceylon has been able to achieve her freedom by constitutional and peaceful methods in collaboration with my Government of the United Kingdom is a matter for profound satisfaction.

"This fact augurs well for the future of my peoples of Ceylon.

The Duke of Gloucester in an address after the King's speech, outlining the policy of the Government of Ceylon said it adhered to the proposals already set out for improving the condition of the people and development of the country's resources.

"It is also prepared to meet its new responsibilities by maintaining good and ordered Government and by co-operating with all the free nations of the world to strive for the preservation of peace and the progress of all peoples."

Duke Of Gloucester Opens Ceylon Parliament

Amidst scenes of splendour and pageantry, the Duke of Gloucester this marning declared open the new Parliament of Ceylon, launching her among the community of self-governing Dominions of the commonwealth with a short speech from the throne.

Nearly 20,000 people, more than half of whom had been patiently sitting in the scorching sun for hours, heard the Royal Deputy welcome Ceylon into the family of free nations of the world.

The Duke and Duchess arrived at the Assembly Hall in a new glistening Rolls Royce landeau flying the Royal Standard. The Royal couple were preceded by members of the Colombo Municipal Council, Ceylon Service Chiefs, Supreme Court Judges and distinguished State guests and msembers of the two Houses of Parliament.

The Prime Minister, Mr. D. S. Senanayake, Mrs. Senanayake, and the Governor-General and Lady Moore immediately preceded the Duke and Duchess and their staff.

The Duke and Duchess acknowledged the cheers of the crowds lining the route.

When the Duke approached the entrance to the Assembly hall a salute of 21 guns were fired and the Royal Standard unfuried over the Hall.

Planes of the Ceylon Aero Club gave an aerial display, dipping in salute as the Duke passed through the arch.

The Royyal Salute was given to the Duke by the Ceylon Light Infantry and the Ceylon Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

After his introduction by the Governor-General to the Prime Minister and other dinitaries, and the inspection of the Guard of Honour, the Duke walked in procession up the carpeted aisle to the dais.

KANYDAN SWORD & CROWN

Preceding the Duke were the leader of the Senate, Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, ceremoniously carrying the old royal sword of the Kandyan Kings, and the Leader of the House of Representatives, Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike, carrying the Kandyan Crown.

The old Kandyan throne, last used by the Kandyan Kings before 1815, stood under a velvet canopy on a small dais, slightly more raised than the dais bearing the Duke's throne.

REGAINING FREEDOM

When the leaders of the two Houses placed the sword and crown on the Kandyan throne, to the thousands of assembled people it symbolised regaining of a freedom lost for 132 years.

The throne and regalia of the last Kandyan King were removed to Britain in 1815 when Ceylon came under the British Crown, but were returned [illegible] to the island.

The Duke and Duchess received a thunderous ovation when they entered the hall.

After the Duke's P. had read the King's Commission authorising the Duke to open Parliament, the Duke took the speech from the Throne from the Premier's hands and read it seated with his head covered.

KING'S MESSAGE

At the end of the speech, the Duke rose, uncovered, and delivered a message from the King. The leaders of the two Houses then presented addresses to the Duke who afterwards handed to the Premier, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate three special copies of the Ceylon Independence Orders-in-Council and the Ceylon Independence Act, signed by the King.

A message from Col. Clifton Brown, Speaker of the British House of Commons, was then read.

The Duke, accompanied by the Premier, then walked down the aisle to the flagstaff outside while a hundred massed magulbears—Kandyan drums—beat a toattoo.

LION FLAG UNFURLED

The Premier unfurled the Lion Flag and made a brief speech in Sinhalese, after which Tamil and English translations were relayed over loudspeakers.

The Premier stressed the fact that the transfer of sovereignty had been achieved without any bloodshed, adding that freedom of worship and other fundamental liberties would be assured to every citizen.

Ceylon had elected of her own free will to remain in the Commonwealth, he said, not, as formerly, as a people subject to the will of the British Parliament, but as a partner of equal status in no way subject in domestic or external affairs, fully and equally associated with the other members of the commonwealth by common allegiance to the Crown.

The Duke and the others then entered their cars, and the procession started on its way back to the Queen's House.

DEFICIT BUDGET FOR CALCUTTA

But If Govt. Pays Dues From Them It Can Be Balanced

CALCUTTA Feb 9, (A.P.I.): The budget estimates of the Calcutta Corporation for the year 1948-49 presented today reveal a deficit of Rs. 2,64,72,000 revenue account. The year is expected to open with an opening balance of Rs. 32,83,000. Receipts are estimated at Rs. 4,92,61,000 and expenditure at Rs. 5,51,91,000

The consolidated rate is proposed to be levied a 2-1/2 per cent with an addition 1/2 per cent as Howrah Bridge Tax.

DUES FROM GOVT.

Presenting the budget the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Bhaskar Mukherjee, said that the entire deficit could be wiped off if they were able to obtain payment next year of certain sums payable to them by the Government. These were the arrear rates and taxes in respect of the Bengal Council House Chamber, totalling about ten lakhs of rupees, two-thirds of the value of the unfinished works on the drainage outfall scheme, amounting to Rs. 32 lakhs, and the cost or repairing damage to Calcutta roads caused by military vehicles during the war, in respect of which a portion of their claim had already been conceded by the Government.

FREE ON RATION CARDS

The Chief Executive Officer suggested that steps should be taken to impose a small fee at the rate of Re. 1 per year on each ration card registered within the Municipal limits of the city.

The Chief Executive Officer suggested that for a city of the size and growing importance of Calcutta an annual revenue of at least five crores of rupees would be necessary. He considered that the corporation had the strongest claim to the Entertainment Tax, a portion of the Betting Tax and to receipts under the Motor Vehicles Act. A portion of the Bengal Sales Tax levied in Calcutta should also belong to them.

Kashmir Talks At U.N.O. Take New Turn

India Asks For Indefinite Adjournment

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 10 (Reuter) India has asked the Security Council to postpone indefinitely its consideration of the dispute between India and Pakistan over Kashmir which has been before the Council since January 6, it was learned authoritatively here last night.

Sources near the Pakistan delegation said that Pakistan would press today in the Council that no long adjournment was necessary.

It is understood that both the Indian and Kashmir members of the Indian delegation would like time to return home to consult their Governments on the extremely delicate issues which have arisen in the course of the debate in the security council.

The Chairman of the Security Council, General A. G. McNaughton (Canada) will report this to the Council today and leave it to the Council to decide what future steps should be taken.

In security council circles the news was received with mixed feelings and the general sentiment was that the question had gone so far that it was difficult to pull back at this stage.

On the other hand, some Council members felt that if there were still the remotest chance that the two governments, after hearing first-hand reports from their delegates, could arrive at an understanding this would be a better solution than forcing a decision through the Council.

NO COMMENT

Neither the Indian nor the Pakistan delegations were prepared to comment on the surprise move.

Security Council experts were not prepared to predict how the Council will move to-day. Some said that if the two parties to any dispute wanted to explore further any paths of conciliation as provided in chapter six of the charter it would be difficult to prevent them.

The news of a requested postponement came in the fourth week of the Kashmir debate when it became clear that both India and Pakistan were unable to arrive at any compromise which would satisfy world opinion.

The situation arrived at the stage where the Council was prepared to lift the whole problem out of the conciliation stage into the realm of a full-fledged dispute to be dealt with by the Council according to its own procedure.

As far as the Pakistan delegation is concerned, all the facts at issue have been thrashed out both in discussions between India and Pakistan themselves and in the Security Council.

URGENT NEED.

The only present development, in the Pakistan view, is the increase in the urgency of the need to deal with the problem.

The Indian case before the Council has been that the Council should ask Pakistan to prevent her troops and nationals from taking part in the fighting and deny the raiders acess to her territory.

Pakistan called for an impartial administration in Kashmir, the withdrawal of the armed forces of India and of the tribesmen, and a plebiscite, organised, held and supervised under the authority of the Security Council.

How the plebiscite, agreed to by both sides would be held was understood to have been the chief difficulty in round table discussions between the parties which followed conciliation in the full Council.

Round table discussions for yesterday were cancelled and there was reported to be a stiffening of attitude on both sides.

Lt. Gen. Cariappa Visits Naushera Area

JAMMU, Feb. 8 (delayed) (A.P.I.): While stacks of bodies of the dead raiders continued to pile into the Indian Army perimetre in Naushera after the two-day battle Indian forces in the Chamb-Bhimber area in conjunction with artillery and armoured vehicles in support carried out a successful raid into enemy held territory today.

To congratulate Brigadier Usman and his troops, the Army Commander, Lt. General Cariappa and Major General Kalwant Singh, G. O. C. Jammu and Kashmir Force, visited Naushera today.

Brigadier Usman's estimate of two thousand raiders killed in the battle on 6th and 7th February is only a "very conservative estimate", according to the Brigadier himself. He added it would take his men at least a week to dispose of the dead.

One of the Bren gunners had his Bren gun snatched away from him during the battle by a Pathan. Undaunted the gunner snatched a rifle and butted the Pathan to death.

The battle for Naushera was fought not only by Usman's troops in fighting trim but also by the cooks, bhangis and others serving his troops. Some of them took up rifles while others snatched handgrenades and hurled them at the enemy.

Thousands of rounds of ammunition and mortar bombs left behind by the enemy have been brought in. The number of rifles recovered has risen to 249 besides numerous swords and other equipment.

Mahratta troops today again carried out a mopping up sweep and caught one party of raiders. These were actually bayonetted and chased away.

It can be now revealed that some of the Indian Army pickets were actually depleted in strength when the raider hoardes attacked. It was especially in these positions that the cooks and bhangis and other took up arms against the raiderx.

The havoc played upon the enemy by Indian artillery and the Air Force was described as "something tremendous" by an Army spokesman today. Large batches of the enemy were spotted by them during daylight. Some of the aircraft on observation duty especially did creditable work flying low while the enemy was in flight and directing ground fire. Yesterday they flew back Indian Army casualties back to base.

HUBLI Feb 9 (A.P.I.): Mr. Vasunth Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay who had programmed to tour Haveri taluka in Dharwar district on February 14 and 15 has postponed the tour to sometime next month.

MADRAS, Feb. 9. (A. P. I.): The S. S. Ganadoe has arrived at the Cochin port with 2,246 tons of Siam rice. From this consignment Travancore gets 1,500 tons and Cochin 746 tons.

RISE IN PRICES THREATENS STABILISATION PLANS

French Govt. Announces Stern Measures To Stop Trend

PARIS, Feb. 10, (Reuter): Faced with recent sharp rises in retail food prices, the French Government today announced measures designed to check the trend, which is regarded as threatening to ruin the whole of the Government's stabilisation plan with the possibility of bringing about the fall of the cabinet if not effectively halted.

Among these measures decided on by Yvon Coude du Foresto, Under-Secretary of State for Agriculture in charge of the food services, were: Stricter enforcement of the obligation to display wholesale and retail prices side by side, and stricter control of profit margins.

Importation of vegetables, including 35 thousand tons of potatoes from the United States in the next fortnight, and carrots, onions and cabbages.

Organisation of wine shops for the sale of French and imported wines at special prices.

New punitive measures against speculating middlemen were reported to be contemplated by the Government, which considered the situation yesterday and is examining it again today.

In the last four weeks the retail price of beef has risen from 195 francs to 242 francs or about 23 per cent.

Lettuces have risen 33 per cent carrot 70 per cent, and a litre bottle of ordinary wine by 33 per cent.

This period covered the devaluation of the franc and the calling in of the 5,000 franc notes.

The upward trend of prices is the exact opposite of that hoped for by the Government when it tried to effect a radical cut in purchasing power by temporarily withdrawing a third of the country's note circulation.

Uneasiness provoked by the Government's recent measures and by the rise in certain foodstuffs has reacted on the political situation and the Socialists are reported to be seriously contemplating withdrawing from the Government coalition.

It was the Socialists, who wanted the blocking of the 5,000 franc bank notes, but they have found that this has been met with disfavour by an important section of their electors the small wine growers of the south and south-west, many of whom are now short of cash at a time when they should be purchasing fertilisers.

Nazi-Soviet Relations Documents

Publication Is Attempt To Slander Russia, Says Foreign Office

MOSCOW, Feb. 9 (Reuter): The U.S. State Department's action in publishing documents on Nazi-Soviet relations was described in a statement issued by the Soviet Foreign Office tonight as "treacherous".

The true purpose of publication, the statement said, "was to present a distorted picture of events, heap lies on the Soviet Union, slander it and undermine the international influence of the Soviet Union as a truly democratic and staunch fighter against aggressive and anti-democratic forces.

"This treacherous attitude is in conformity with the views on the character of inter-allied relations that are typical of ruling circles in Anglo-American countries and the substance of which is that, instead of honest and sincere relations between allies, instead of mutual confidence and support, there is being pursued a policy of using every means to slander for the purpose of weakening one's ally, exploiting him in one's own narrow interest and strengthening ones own position at the expense of that ally", the statement said.

The statement denying that the Soviet Government refused to take part in preparing the publication of German achive materials, said the Soviet Government approached the British Government in the summer of 1945 insisting on the participation of Soviet experts in joint study of German documents captured by Anglo-American troops.

"The British foreign office declined the Soviet proposal on the grounds that the Soviet Government had prematurely raised the question of exchanging copies of captured Hitlerite documents", the statement added.

The German foreign office records of German-Soviet relations between 1939 and the invasion of Russia in 1941 were published by the United States State Department on January 21.

The records covered conferences between Hitler and Molotov on the splitting of the world into Russian, German, Italian and Japanese spheres of influence and discussion of the "division of the British empire".

The State Department gave no reason for publishing the documents. They had agreed with the British Foreign Office to publish together, in chronological form, all documents captured from German archives.

Franco-Spanish Frontier Opened

PARIS, Feb. 10. (Reuter): The frontier between France and Spain was officially opened at midnight after being closed for nearly two years.

THE HINDUSTHAN'S 1946 Valuation discloses a SURPLUS of over Rs. 69 lakhs for the last quinquennium as a result of which BONUS has been declared in respect of all WITH-PROFIT POLICIES (per Rs. 1,000/- per annum.) on

RESULTS Speak

Endowment Assurance
Whole Life Assurance } Rs. 8

The results which have been obtained after adopting more stringent Valuation method reducing thereby the interest basis by ¼%, increasing the margin reserved for future expenses and bonuses, making at the same time ample provision for all other contingencies, should be considered highly satisfactory.

In view of its lower premium rates, low interest yield on investments and higher expenses due to increased cost, the results prove once again Hindusthan's economical management, unimpeachable security and strong financial position in all respects.

Policies in force: Over Rs 47 crores 88 lacs
Life Fund: Over Rs 9 crores 5 lacs

Insure with HINDUSTHAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED
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Bombay Branch: Hornby Rd., Fort. | S. E. SIRKER, Branch Manager

BIJ

Narrow Price Movement On Stock Exchange

REACTIONARY TENDENCY DEVELOPS IN COTTON MARKET

Bullion Prices Steady

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

The Bombay Stock Exchange failed to make any important move in prices as a result of various uncertain factors. As pointed out before there is no definite trend and most of the fluctuations result only due to jobbing business. There is more disposition to await the budget.

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 1802 and quietened at Rs. 1795 under restricted business. Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 361. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1167 and after improving at Rs. 1175 declined at Rs. 1162. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 610 and moved up at Rs. 620 but quietened at Rs. 611 on renewed selling.

Later on there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Dfds changed hands at Rs. 1800. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 363 while Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs 1163/12. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 614 and Swadeshi shares were done at Rs. 655. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 225. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 173/8 while Burmas were done at Rs. 496/4 and Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 29/8. The market was featureless with restricted business.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1165 Kohinoor 613 Swadeshi 653 Nagpur 338 Simplex 226 New Great 424 Gokak 346 Indore 623/12 Century X. R. 318/12 Colaba 318/12 I. Bleaching 155 Swan 371 Finlay 327 Morarji 582/8 Edward 685 Meyer 207/8 Apollo 3/11/8 I. U. Ordinary 15/15 I. U. Defd. 2/15/3 Madhusudan 270 Podar X R 180 Khatau X D. 255.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 362/8 Tata Steel Defd. 1797/8 Second 150.

CEMENT

Associated Merger X. D. 173.

INDUSTRIES

Burma X D 496/4 Belapur X D 329 Shivrajpur 42 Scindia X R X D 29/8 Construction 218 Tata Chemical 17/8 Tata Oil 64/4 Indian Iron X D 32/15 Bengal Steel 26/12.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 139/8 Tata Hdyro 143 Andhra 1362/8 Power 1515.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 90 Phoenix 495 Ind Mfg. 4460 Koorla 282/8 Dawn 1545 David 145 New City 210 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 775 Bharucha (Defd.) 7 Bharat 44 Mysore 240 Madhavji 19/6 Model 210 Laxmi 1640 Vishnu 600 Western 4350 Standard 500 Sholapur 6285 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 1550 Tata 82 Ahmedabad Advance 566/4 Sassoon Silk 72/8 New Union 19/2 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 490 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Simplex Cpn. 120.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 131/4 New 123/12 Surat 171/4 Karachi 145 Broach 11 Ajmer X. D. 9/8 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 150 Bombay Suburban 145 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 114/8 Imperial 2115 P. P. 515 Central 87/8 Coupon 17 India 241 Union 10/12 Baroda 174 Habib 152 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 71 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 40 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 785 New India 75/8 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 14/10 Indian Mercantile 55 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/12 Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS

C P 106/4 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. R. 310 Steamer 560 Burma New 166/4 B. B. Petrol 2/1 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 75 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 101 Wimco 306/8 Dharamsey Chemical 34 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 266/4 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 190 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New X. D. 107/12 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydro Construction 16.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 197/8 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1362/8 Tata Power 1345 Hydro 117/8 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 710 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 310 New Great 225 Podar 115/10 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 123/12 Bradbury 497/8 Surat Elec. 165/10 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125/0 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125/10 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And Advance 160 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12.

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 104/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I. Rame Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102 8 Walchandnagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDE SHARES

India Copper 2/15 B. I. C 9/12 Burma Corporation 3/12 New Victoria 5/8 New Victoria Preference 6/8 Raja 28 Phalton 120 Gold Mohar 350 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 302/8 Osmanshahi 295 Azamshahi 265 Air Service 13 Air Ambica 17 Air India (Tata) 185 Hind Motor 7/6 India Steam 13/10 Valley 11/6.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

MILLS.

Apollo 4 3/15 3/15/6
B. Dyeing 1165 77/8 61/4 66/4 61/4 65 63/12 65
C. India 344 38 40 38
Colaba 318/12
Elphinstone (Ord.) 90
Finlay 329 30 26 27
Gokak 348 50 47 48 45 46/8 46
I. U. (Deid.) 3 2/15 2/15/3
I. U. (Ord.) 16 15/14/6 15/15/6 15/15
Indore 622/8 25 20 23/12
Kohinoor 617 19 10 14 13
New City 210
New Great 432 27 26 21 24 23 24
Podar 175 80
Shrinivas 460
Simplex 227/8 26 27 25 26
Swadeshi 635 58 54 56 62 55 53
Tata Mills 82 82/4 81/8 82
Vishnu 600

BANKS.

Central 89 87 87/8
Imperial (Old) 2135 12/8 15
Imperial (New) 520 15
India 241/8 41
Reserve 114 13/8 14/4 14 14/8
Union 10/12

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 131/4
Andhra Valley 1360 62/8
B. Tram (Ord.) 140 39 39/8
Ajmer 9/6 9/8
Hydro 144 42/8 43
Hydro (Pref.) 117/8 20 17/8
Power 1520 31/4 12/6 15
Power (Pref.) 1348/12 45
New India Ass. 75 75/8
Scindia Steam 29/9 29/10 29/7 29/8

STEEL.

B. Steel 28/12 28/8 28/12
I. Iron 32/12 32/13 32/10 32/15
Tata (Defd.) 1795 1807/8 1787/8 97/8 87/8 97/8 92/8 1801/4 1797/8
Tata (Ord) 362 62/8 60 62/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 149/8 50

MISCELLANEOUS

A. C. C. (Old) 174 74/8 73 73/8 73
A. C. C (New) 108/8 7/12
Belapur 331 32 30/8 32 28 29
B. B. (Old) 495 96/4 95 96/4
B. B. (New) 166/14 67/8 66 /4
B. B. Petrol 3/1 /2 3/1
I. I. Trust 101
P. Const. 217 18 16 18
Port Canning 75
Shivrajpur 39 43/8 42
Tata Chemical 18 17/12
Tata Oil 64/8
Wimco 305 3/12 6/4

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 88 87/8
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 123/12
Simplex Coupon 120

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

Tata Ordinary 362/8; Tata Deferred 1797/8; Indian Iron 32/15; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28/12; Bombay Dyeing 1165. Central India 338/2; Gokak 346/4; Kohinoor 613/2; Simplex 226; Swadeshi 653/2; Tata Power 1515; Associated Cement 173; Belapur 328/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 496/4; Scindia 29/8; Central Bank 87/8; New India 75/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 150.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	4	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	5	0
2-3/4 pc 1948-52	100	8	0
2-3/4 pc 1960	99	12	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	3	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	10	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable.	110	6	0
3 p.c. 1996 Con.	100	4	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	9	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	9	0
3 pc 1952	102	8	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	5	0
3 p.c. 1963-65	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	3	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	100	15	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1951-59	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	102	8	0
4 pc 1960-70	113	10	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55	106	4	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	117	8	9
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2-3/4 p.c U P. 1961 ..	99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c Madras 1961 ..	99	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 ..	102	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 ..	102	0	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1949 ..	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952	100	4	0
3 p.c. U P 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
3-1/4 pc Municipal New 1977	102	4	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipality 1954	120	0	0
5 pc P P T	114	0	0

CHICAGO GRAIN'S RALLY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.

Grain prices rallied here today and pushed ahead for the first time since commodities began to break last Wednesday. The price break of last week attracted new buying. Mills began purchasing ahead and all contributed to the upward surge.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

As anticipated the local cotton market developed reactionary tendency based on technical considerations.

March opened at Rs. 538 and declined at Rs. 535/8 on renewed selling. At this level there was absence of selling and the market rallied at Rs. 539 on short covering but the improvement attract long liquidation and March quietened at Rs. 536/8.

Thereafter there was moderate buying and March was quoted at Rs. 538. The recent rise was assisted by a sharp rise in Egyptian Cotton but the latest quotation shows a drop of 5 pence per lb.

The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
I.C.C. March	538	8	0
I.C.C. May	544	0	0
I.C.C. July	553	4	0
I.C.C. Sept.	559	0	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March Contract is 1312 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 9.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
March	546-1/2	539	539
May	552-1/2	545	545-1/4
July	560	554-1/4	554-1/4
Sept.	566	560	560

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

The produce market was fairly steady with moderate business. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Khandesh ready	32	8	0
Madras Coromandal	31	14	0
Bold ready	31	10	0
Bold Feb-March	30	14	0
Oil ready	17	12	0
Oil February	17	9	0
Oil March	17	9	0

CASTORSEEDS:—

Ready	35	0	0
January	34	12	0
May	142	4	0
Oil first pressing	22	0	0
Oil commercial quality ..	20	8	0

LINSEED:—

Ready	28	8	0
Feb-March	27	6	0
April-May	25	14	0
Oil	17	10	0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 10

	Rs.
Maha	688
Fagan	668

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

	Pies.
45XII.	118
Jan-March	117-1/2
April-June	115-1/2

D. W. 40X28.

Ready	98	0	0
Jan.-March	97	8	0
April-June	98	0	0

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

150 D. February	8	10	0
120 D. Ready	8	11	0

Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

Saturday's limited recovery made little further progress to show gains covering one point over a moderately broad front. Improved action in commodities prompted buying interest which favoured oils, steels, rails, textiles and aircrafts. The last named reflected estimates that after two years of operating losses, most of the industry is likely to show profit in 1948 as a result of expected larger congressional appropriations for plane procurement. The averages were industrials 170.30 and rails 50.32. Despite the sharp recovery in grains wavering tendencies developed with limited but persistent offerings reducing or earsing numerous early gains. Steels motors, minings, rubbers, and rails were particularly vulnerable and price changes were fractionally mixed with gains still slightly predominating. Steels were unsettled owing to estimates of a further 1.3 decline in ingot operations this week because of continued severe weather and natural gas shortage. Rubber reflected the C. I. O. union approval of the wage programme demanding a 30 cent hourly increase. Brokers say the markets Steels were unsettled owing to estigress clarincation on the wage and price situation may partially restore investor confidence. Final price changes were fractions to one point either way with the composite average rate closing with the smallest gain. The market closed irregular.

American Telephone and Telegraph 151

Amerex Holding Co.	25-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	32-3/4
Chase National Bank	34-1/4
Sinclair Oil Co.	15-7/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	45-1/4
General Electric Co.	34-3/8
General Motors	54-1/4
Ingersol Rand	123-1/4
International Nickel	26-3/4
National City Bank of New York	38-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13-3/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	15-1/2
Texas Corporation	55-1/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	95-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	44-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	71-5/8
Western Union Telegraph	19-3/4

NEW YORK SEED PRICES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): The following were prices of seeds on the New York Market today:—

Black pepper 40 nom.
White pepper 62 nom.
Castor Seeds 200 dollars (small sales)
Cotton seeds 125 nom.
Flaxseed 6.20.
Linseed 30.31.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

The Bullion market was fairly steady on reports that the holdings of professional operators have been taken over at the decline. In the mean time talks are going on for resumption of forward trading in the market. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 146 and ready gold was placed at Rs. 105, sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 68.

The market finally closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	145	8	0
Ready Gold	106	0	0
Sovereigns	68	2	0

N. Y. Cotton Moderately Active

NEW YORK Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): Trading remained moderately active and prices irregular on the New York Cotton Exchange today. The market is still geared to a lower trend, but appears oversold and responds readily to buying orders, particularly in nearby positions. March liquidation was less aggressive, coming out only after the 34-cent level was penetrated. Trade interests also bought, particularly the contingent which postponed purchases last week when the market was under pressure. Nearbys were additionally bolstered by hopes of early action on credit to Japan for the purchases of raw cotton.

Today's session opened two higher to 13 lower. Prices backed and filled with fluctuations in grains until the early afternoon when the uptrend got under way with March and May contracts leading.

OVERSOLD MARKET.

Recent sellers were noting tightness in the offerings in nearbys and attempted to cover in an apparently oversold market. Uncovering of stop orders above the 34 cent level for May expedited the advance, but pressure increased in that level for March resulting in a widening of the March discount under May at the close. A leading spot house was the seller of May offering five contracts at every point advance. Attention in the forward positions was turning more toward the new crop development. The recent cold weather over the growing areas delayed preliminary work in the Southern areas, but abnormally low temperatures are considered good for checking insect damage next summer.

There is also considerable talk about a new insecticide far superior to arsenic poison in weevil destruction. It is said that it was equally effective in wet as in dry weather and has resulted in yields of a bale per acre when tested in the Carolinas last year.

Dealers expect to find the market a continued irregular affair until the March situation is adjusted and some definite Congressional action is indicated on the foreign aid programme.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 9.

March	33.93+05
March Highest	34.13+25
March Lowest	33.75—13
May	34.05+11
July	33.44+04
October	31.07—
December	30.80—
March	30.52—
May	30.32—
July	29.90—
Middling Spot	34.87+07

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 9

March	33.78+
May	34.04—
July	33.46—
October	31.06—
December	30.78—
Middling Spot	33.85+10

PEPPER CLOSES INACTIVE, UNCHANGED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): Black pepper futures closed inactive and unchanged on the New York Market today. In the spot market, Malabar spot and afloat held themselves unchanged at 40 and February-March at 39 cents per pound nom.

White Muntok was quoted between 60 and 62 cents per pound.

Closing prices included: March 41.50 nom.; May 41 nom.; July-September 39 nom.; October 38 nom; December 37 nom.; January 36 nom.

AMSTERDAM PEPPER PRICES.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained active in Amsterdam today. Batavia Muntok afloat was quoted at 360 guilders per 100 kilos and mixed muntok afloat at 355 guilders. Black lampong February, was quoted 270 guilders and black lampong unloading 275 guilders.

Singapore muntok, February, was quoted at 330 per cwt. and Singapore lampong, 230.

Malabar, February-March was quoted at 220 per hundred-weight.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET IDLE.

LONDON, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): Idle conditions prevailed during today's session of the London Pepper Market while fresh news from Singapore is not expected until the local celebrations of Chinese New Year's on Tuesday and Wednesday are completed.

Worth Street Prices Unchanged

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): Prices remained unchanged as Worth Street trading continued to be a routine affair today. In addition to the usual weekly checkup with mills, new business is further handicapped by the impending holiday and uncertainties in the general commodity price structure. Despite the raw cotton decline as well as the decrease in grains and other food commodities, textile prices held themselves relatively steady. Brokers said that resales which recently upset the position of print cloth fabrics appeared to have been largely absorbed.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rate, T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 8th Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 8th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 8th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N T Rs 328 2/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N T Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L C
Paris Banks Selling T T Frs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs. 6000
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D Frs. 1300
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Doc. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Sta 97 1-4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.98-20
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl. 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99 80-100.20
London Manila Pes 8.07-12
London Montreal Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Frs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K. 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Frs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-9
London Discts 3 Months 9/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Months 5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p c 3 months 3/4 p c 6 months 1 p c 12 months 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy

LONDON STOCK MARKETS SUFFER WORSE SLUMP.

LONDON, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): Stock markets in London suffered a worse slump today than they did on Friday, judging by the Financial Times index which recorded closing prices of leading industrials at 116.2 compared to Friday's close of 120.6.

This is equivalent to a shrinkage in the market values amounting to 3.6 on a single day, compared with Friday's shrinkage of about 2 per cent. Broadly, prices of leading industrials are now back where they stood early in November, having lost all the 16 per cent improvement they had laboriously made since that period.

Today's selling was attributed to Cripps's two speeches on Saturday in Edinburgh in which he did not mince words regarding the gravity of the situation with which the country is confronted.

LONDON OIL PRICES.

LONDON, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): The following were prices of oils on the London Market today:

Linseed, raw 200 sterling.
Rapeseed, crude 190 sterling.
Cotton, crude 109 sterling.
Castor, arsta 180 sterling.
Castor, Seconds 176 sterling.
Groundnuts 110/10.
Linseed, Calcutta 60 c. & f.
Linseed, Bombay 61 c. & f.
Groundnuts, Coromandel 65 c. & f.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Feb. 10.

Coiryarn Beypore 100/140; Quilandy 180/190; Private Garoled 117/8; Ungarbled 110; Cocoanuts Raw 100/105; Dry 110; Cocoanut Oil 370; Copra Office 295; Dilpasand 265; Madrasnottam 280; Pepper Wynaad 40; Country 730; Dry Ginger Chernad 240; Ernad 225; Coffee Roousta 98; Timber Para 50/55; Junglewood 25/30; Vellapine 40/45; Benteak 42/45, Teak 90/95; Mango Planks 3/3/6, Teak 12/8/15; Rosewood 17/8/20.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 9.

Consols 2-1/2 pc	30-1/16 &
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	106-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	104-1/16
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	113-13/16
Victory Bonds 4 pc	114-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-3/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	117-1/2
National Bank of India	34-3/4
Mercantile Bank of India	21

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 14881.

LONDON SILVER.

LONDON, Feb. 9, (U. P. A.): The price of silver on the London market remained unchanged and trading idle today.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

S.S. SIRDHANA

From London:—300 rolls rubber roofing, 200 cases caustic composition, 280 bags activated dioxide, 5000 jute bags sulphate of ammonia, 100 cases wireless receiving apparatus, 1500 bags fullers earthpowder, 4497 pkgs paint, 44 pkgs dry paint, 41 cases vacuum pumps and paste, 84 cases radio sets and radio grams, 549 cases radio receivers, 100 cases pickley blocks, 806 cases medicinal prepns, 280 cases yoast, 395 ctns electric lamp bulbs, 40 cases pencils, 1565 cases electric lamps, 97 cases tinned bease, 1663 mys mild steel bars, 266 cases chocolates, 30 cases black zincplate, 103 cases films, 58 cases med-preps, 67 cases iron cycle parts, 87 cases photo paper, 105 cases skin ointment, 110 cases potacium citrace, 66 bales up hooshery springs, 30 drums printing ink, 99 pkgs packing, 44 cases brenthol crystels, 150 cases gummed paper, 583 cases aluminium circles, 750 ctns haricane lanterns, 800 cases washing blue, 30 cases ship chains, 66 cases cycle parts, 310 cases electric cable cartons clause, 75 cases songs, 172 bdls domestic radio receivers, 57 cases bicarbonate soda, 156 cases provisions, 57 cases colour, 303 cases printing paper, 150 ctns pressure stoves, 153 cases penicilin, 333 cases pharmaceuticals, 70 cases bolts, 611 cases scott's emulsion, 107 cases issuing glass, 53 cases batteries, 75 cases varnish, 30 cases drums of wire, 64 pkgs machy, 276 pkgs harmless drugs, 69 cases pins, 54 pkgs white art card paper.

From Antwerp:—70 bags bolts and nuts, 941 bdls jute channels, 129 cases figured roller glass sheet glass, 46 cases clocks

EXPORTS

S. S. PUCHUMBA

To Aden:—Cotton piecegoods 35 bales—H. Harackchand and Co. Ltd., 15 bales—V. Lalji and Sons. 10 bags mawra with powder—B. Ardeshir and Co. Ginger 91 jottas—V. Latif Kumar, 91 jollas—P. Jethbat.

To London:—19 cases bristals—Cox and Kings Agents Ltd., 5 bdls. drugun—M. Vandravan, 124 bags fenngreek seed—K. Tricampi, 114 bags gum Karaya—D. Mawji and Co.

To Antwerp:—22 cases Indian rolled cow guts—at S. W. Meyer.

S.S. CITY OF HONGKONG

To Liverpool:—525 drums castor oil—The Oilseeds Trading Co. Ltd.

S.S. JALAKRISHNA

To Liverpool:—Bristals 75 cases—S. Biharilal, 19 cases M. Prasad and Sons.

To Antwerp:—220 bales cotton raw—N. Rajaram and Co. Ltd. 667 bags suf, flower seed—J. Prubhudas and Co.

To Marseilles:—371 bags Heana leaves—E. Virji and Co.

S. S. ALAVI

To Mauritius:—5 bags gum Arabic —H. Manilal and Co., 11 bales cotton piecegoods, 61 drums linseed oil—Indravadan Bros., 17 drums linseed oil —M. Manilal and Co. Dry fish 200 bags—Motapur Sugar Factory Ltd. 80 bdls. A.K. Noormahomed and Co. 137 drums groundnut oil—C. Jeewanji and Co. From E.Y.H. Mohmed and Co. 25 mdls. coir yarn and 6 cases agarbatti.

S.S. STEEL SEATARER

To Philadelpria:—Wool raw 25 bales The Bombay Co. Ltd., 114 bales—Charles Lister and Co., 46 bales—S. Narsoomdas. 27 bales salted goat skin —Nayar Md. Md. Oomar.

To New York:—51 bales Wool raw —A. Phiroj and Co. 80 bags drugun —at B. Ramsingh, 186 bags celery seed—Shiama Trading Co. 3821 bags myrabollams—The General Trading Co.

To Boston:—64 bales cotton pickings—R.B.J. Thakurdas, 6 bales dry salted goat skin—at Shamjimal.

To Port Said:—64 drums castor oil —C. Ujamshibhai.

S.S. JALAYAMUNA

To Colombo:—121 bags cuminseed and 430 bags coriander—M. K. S. Nathan, 11 bales cotton piecegoods—H. A. M. Abdulla, 9 cases basic English books—The Times of India Press, 50 bags glass bottles—Universal Glass Industrial Corp.

S.S. MARINFLIEH

To Alexandria—132 drums castor oil—Ahmed Oomerbhoy 984 drums castor oil—The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

To New York:—300 bales cotton waste—L. D. Vora, 66 bales woodencarpets—L. Hilla and Co. Ltd., 1K bags gum Karaya—S. M. Rajgor and Co.

To Geneva:—7 cases dried cow gales—Ad. Meyer.

To Bostan:—100 bales cotton waste —C. Jairam and Co.

To Suez:—From Vasant Export Agency 20 bags seena leaves, 24 bags hinch chari, 144 bags Isabgoal.

S.S. ANNENKERK

To Sydney:—28 drums groundnut oil—Kotak and Co. 12 bales cotton piecegoods—Manekji and Co.

S.S. ALAMAK

To Antwerp:—55 balels cotton waste —Volkart Bros.

To Rotterdam:—157 drums groundnut oil—Hind Trading Co.

S.S. RIDEAN PARK

To Sydney:—20 bales cotton piecegood—Patel and Co., 28 drums groundnut oil—Kotak and Co.

To Colombo:—60 drums lubricant and 25 cases ptd. autogrease—Std. Vaccum Oil Co.

S.S. TARSIMA

To Glasgow:—6890 bags linseed—K. Devchand and Co.

S.S. ARONDA

To Scychelles:—24 bales cotton piecegoods and 8 cylinders carbonic acid—H. Mawji.

To Mombassa:—75 bags glass bottles—Dipchand and Co.

S.S. CITY OF DURBAN

To Hull:—Castor oil 307 drums—K. Pralad and Coll Ltd. 500 drums—The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

S.S. ALIMADAT

To Magdosio:—34 crates glass tumbrellas—V. Devraj and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"S.S. ENGLESTAN" arrived from Karachi on February 9 with 1716 passengers and 150 tons of general cargo. (B.S.N. Co.)

"SHIRALA" arrived from Karachi on February 9 with 2320 passengers. (M.M.)

"MAHADEVI" came from Calcutta on February 9 with 5870 tons of coal. (T. Morrison.)

"DORSETSHIRE" arrived from Southampton on February 10 with 123 passengers. (Killick.)

"DAMRA" arrived from Busrah on February 10 with 941 passengers and 97½ tons of cargo. (M.M.)

"KARAPARA" arrived from Karachi on February 10 with 1214 passengers.

"ALFRED CLEGG" arrived from Bahrein with 14096 tons of gasolene kerosene.

SAILINGS

"JALRATNA" sailed for Chittagong on February 9 with 1096 tons of genera. cargo.

"HOEGH TRADER" left for Basrah with 3100 tons of general cargo on February 9.

"CAGLIARI" sailed for Genoa with 108 passengers on February 9.

"LUTHER KERK" sailed for Rotterdam on February 9 with 6090 tons of general cargo.

"STRAITHAIRD" sailed for Sidney via Colombo with 1132 passengers.

London Stock Exchange Rumours

LONDON, Feb. 9 (Reuter): There were circumstantial rumours on the London stock exchange today that some British companies which operate abroad intended to transfer their head offices from Britain to or near the countries in which they operate.

In particular it was believed at least one of the Rhodesian copper companies intended to transfer to Johannesburg, one reason being that it has many South African shareholders.

The objective would be a desire to get away from the burdens which past British budgets have imposed, and particularly those which the next may impose, on profits and on dividends. Companies are taxed where they live.

It was thought that any such decision, once made, would be carried out as soon as possible, in order to forestall any British official attempt to stop it. At present there was believed to be no obstacle except that any company concerned would have to "wind up" here and "unwind" on the other side, since otherwise the overseas company could be taxed as a subsidiary of a still existing British company.

If such moves became a habit, legislative or administrative action would doubtless be taken to stop it.

But such action could hardly be retrospective. Thus a company might not be able to get back to Britain, and other companies might be prevented from following it, but, as the law stands at present, it apparently could go.

It was felt that each case must be judged on its merits. Some companies do not merely operate abroad but are largely-owned abroad, and the overseas owners could complain at being brought within limitations imposed on British income.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Feb 9

March 2.61-1/2.
May 2.57-1/4 to 2.56-3/4.
July 2.36-1/2 to 2.36.
September 2.32-1/2 to 2.32.

LONDON WHEAT

London, Feb. 9.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 137/6 Mar.-Apl. quoted.

TEXTILE STOCK AND QUOTA-HOLDERS' CLAIMS

The Textile Commissioner, Bombay, writes:—

It has been brought to the notice of the Textile Commissioner that certain quotaholders in Bombay and Ahmedabad who hold stocks for which they have before 20th January 1948 received payment from Commission Agents buying on behalf of Provincial and State Governments and who hold such stocks on their account are reluctant to part with them even though the buyer is willing to pay the new cess prescribed by the Government of India. All quotaholders in Bombay and Ahmedabad and Commission Agents in those places acting on behalf of upcountry quotaholders are warned that in all cases in which they had received payment before the 20th January 1948 from the buyers to whom cloth was released by the Textile Commissioner must hand over all such cloth to the buyers if the latter are willing to pay the new cess in full. If this is not done, the Textile Commissioner will not defreeze the entire stocks of the quotaholder which at present stand frozen for collection of the cess.

Provincial and State buyers or their Commission Agents purchasing cloth on behalf of Provinces and States are also informed that they should immediately report to the Textile Commissioner all cases in which the quotaholders or the Commission Agents to whom payment for cloth released has been made by them prior to 20th January 1948 are not willing to hand over such cloth on payment of cess. Such reports should indicate the name and address of the qu

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

High Class Hindu youth of 32 with broad views, well-settled in Bombay, desires marriage with an accomplished, pretty bride of any sect. Refugees welcome. Write in confidence to Post Box 1306, Bombay 1. 3102

Widow, Saraswat Brahmin, educated, (34), beautiful. Invites matrimonial correspondence from Saraswat Brahmins. Post Box 3505 Girgaum, Bombay 4. 3101

Wanted educated Lady to marry bachelor 35. Good personality getting 300 per month. Apply: Box No. 8080 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Managers, Contracters each District, State, Taluka. Apply: "Ewas" Gulmandi, Aurangabad City. (8098)

Wanted a capable hand to work as an Advertising Canvasser for a leading Nationalist Daily. Apply with full particulars as regards experience and salary expected to Box No. 2020 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted elderly Hindu Lady Vegetarian without encumbrances as Housekeeper for respectable Hindu family in Bombay. Write full particulars G.P.O. Box 349, Bombay. 3092

Wanted Gents and Ladies really interested in selling shares of a well known dividend paying progressive Electrical Engineering and Industrial concern of Calcutta. For particulars please write to Bharat Shilpi Sangha Ltd. Managing Agents, 16, Russa Road, Calcutta. 26 (7048)

Well established Screen Printing Factory requires immediate services of a qualified and well experienced Commercial Artist. Persons with sound experience and well versed in the art, only, need apply. Permanent Post with good future prospects. Salary according to merits. Box No. 8103, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub. agencies establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Apollo Trading Corporation of India, Roshanara Road, Delhi. 8109

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately New Classes started for Specialised Courses in Company Secretaries, Banking, Accountancy and General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal in lecture classes or through post to upcountry students. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 8112

Matriculation Examination Probable Questions. Write for free booklet, Mathai's Publications, Bombay 7. 8081

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post, D. Com. courses, American Correspondence College, (B.C.), Delhi 7910A

MEDICAL ADLETS

God's Gift Medicine for Azma Rs. 1/5/- including V. P. charges. Menaka Debi, 19, S. N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta 5462B

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale 1938 Crystler Royal recently over hauled and painted for Rs. 7,000/- or near offer. Please Phone 28886 or 30646. (8084)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Nilgiris, Coonoor, Palatial country residence with every modern convenience, 25 acres grounds, fully furnished, Electric Flushouts, etc. Write for full details Box No. 8108 "Bombay Chronicle."

LOANS & MORTGAGES

To supply stores to Govt. and also for a running Mill Stores and Machy. business wanted Rs. 20,000. Good share or interest and references given. Apply Post Box No. 805, Bombay—1. 8104

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

An educated Gujrati gentleman well experienced in business line and management wishes to join as a working partner in a prospective business or manufacturing concern, situated in Bombay or round about. Will invest upto Rs. 50,000. Please write with full details. Box No. 8107, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Galvanized Wire Rope of 6/19 construction ordinary lay with a wire centre core, in two pieces of approx. 630 feet each. Each rope is damaged in three places approx. 115 ft. from each end and in the middle. Estimated approx. weight of each 630 feet piece one ton. Apply to Box No. 7305 "Bombay Chronicle."

A few good typewriters ready for sale. Bombay Typewriting Institution, Opp: General Post Office, Fort, Bombay. Telephone 21084. 8113

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T., invites tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 p. m. on 17-2-48 for supply of pulses, Agmark Ghee, Oil, Salt, Spices etc. to the Railway Godowns at Rayon Grain market, Masjid and Wadi Bandar, Bombay and to shops in Thana and Kolaba Districts. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (7085)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE PROGRESSIVE LAND, BUILDING & TRADING, CO., LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a General Meeting of the Company will be held at Advani Chambers, Sir P. M. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 8th March, 1948, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), when the Liquidator will lay before the meeting an Account of his acts and dealings and of the conduct of the winding up during the preceding year ended 9th December, 1947, and a Statement in the prescribed form containing the prescribed particulars with respect to the position of the liquidation.

For The Progressive Land, Building & Trading Co., Ltd.,
In Voluntary Liquidation.
HORMASJI D. JASSOOBHOY,
Liquidator.

Bombay, 9th February, 1948. 7297

BIKANER STATE RAILWAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a stenographer in the Headquarters Office in scale 80-4-100-5-120.

(ii) In addition to pay of the grade employees are entitled to such Dearness allowance as may be admissible under the rules in force from time to time. At present this allowance is Rs. 16/- per mensem. A special grain allowance of Rs. 6/- is also admissible along with the Grain Shop facilities at concessional rates.

(iii) Pay on appointment will be based on qualifications previous experience etc. The applications must reach to the office of the undersigned by the 29th February, 1948.

J. L. CAPOOR,
General Manager.

7301

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE
NOTICE TO TRAM AND BUS PASSENGERS.

IT HAS BEEN DECIDED that no Trams or Buses will be run on Thursday, the 12th February, 1948, to enable the staff of the Undertaking to join in the National Mourning on the occasion of the immersion of the ashes of Gandhiji.

By Order of the Committee,
GENERAL MANAGER.

7279

NOTICE

AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors of the Company held today the Directors approved of a scheme for increasing the paid up capital of the Company, and

(1) Capitalising a sum of Rs. 16,00,000/- out of the Reserve Funds of the Company and the issue of 16,000 new Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each as fully paid up representing the amount so capitalised for distribution among the holders of the existing 16,000 Ordinary Shares in the proportion of one new Ordinary Share against one existing share,

(2) the issue at par against cash, of 1,600 Preference Shares of Rs. 500/- each bearing interest at 7% per annum (less tax) to the holders of the existing 7% Preference Shares in the proportion of one new Preference Share against one existing Preference Share.

The date of the Extra Ordinary General Meetings which will be called in order to obtain the sanction of Shareholders, will be announced shortly.

By Order of the Board
For and on behalf of
The Vishnu Cotton Mill Limited.
for The Bombay Company Limited.
A. L. HUTSON,
Managing Director.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 10th February, 1948. 7307

NOTICE

AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors of the Company held today the Directors approved of a scheme for increasing the capital of the Company, capitalising a sum of Rs. 16,00,000/- out of the Reserve Funds of the Company and the issue of 6,400 new Ordinary Shares of Rs. 250/- each as fully paid up representing the amount so capitalised for distribution among the holders of the existing 6,400 Ordinary Shares in the proportion of one new Ordinary Share against one existing share.

The date of the Extra Ordinary General Meetings which will be called in order to obtain the sanction of Shareholders, will be announced shortly.

By Order of the Board
For and on behalf of
The Lakshmi Cotton Mfg. Co. Ltd.
For The Bombay Company Limited
A. L. HUTSON,
Managing Director,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 10th February, 1948. 7308

AUCTION SALES

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF DIAMOND and EMERALD JEWELLERY TODAY at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 132 Meadows Street, Fort, By order of the Party Concerned. On view M. MODY & CO., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC NOTICES

Dobson & Barlow (Rayon Plants) Ltd.

Mr. Thomas Blackburn has recently returned to India in the capacity of resident-director of the newly formed subsidiary of DOBSON & BARLOW LTD., Bolton, England and will renew former contacts as soon as possible.

Enquiries concerning plant for the manufacture of Rayon Continuous Filament, Staple Fibre and Transparent Paper by the Viscose Process may be directed to Mr. Blackburn at the company's temporary address at Bank of Baroda Building, Apollo Street, Bombay.

PRESS NOTICE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, Central P.W.D., New Delhi, invites sealed tenders from registered contractors of the Central P.W.D., and established manufacturers, for the supply of large quantities of doors and windows fittings such as Barrel bolts, Tower bolts, Hinges, Hasps and Staples, Mortice Locks, latches etc.

Tenders will be received up to 12 Noon on the 24th February, 1948 and opened by him on the same date at 3 p.m.

Tender forms and other conditions of contract are obtainable from his Office on any working day, on payment of Rs. 5/- per set, which amount will not be refunded.

7270

FOR
SAFETY and ECONOMY
USE
STEEL WIRE ROPES
BY
GEORGE ELLIOT & Co., LTD.
CARDIFF
100 years Experience is at your Service
Wide Range Available ex Stock
Agents:
TURNER, HOARE & CO., LTD.
Gateway Building, Apollo Bunder, BOMBAY
Calcutta, Delhi, Lahore & Ahmedabad
(7175A)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices, Parel, invites tenders for the supply, erection and maintenance for one year of Driving and Controlgear of three existing passenger lifts at the Railway's Offices at Victoria Terminus, Bombay.

Tenders will be received on the tenderer's own form upto 1-00 p.m. on 1-4-48. Rules and Instructions for the guidance of tenderers, along with the schedule of requirements, conditions of contract, General Specification, etc. may be had from the Chief Mechanical Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices, Parel, BOMBAY 12 on payment of Rs. 5/- per copy, which amount is not refundable. The payment should be either by money order or cash only.

(7272)

THE MARWADI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, LTD., BOMBAY.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Ordinary Members of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce Ltd., that a ballot will be taken on Friday, the 13th February 1948 between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the Board Room of the Chamber, pursuant to Bye-law 247 (Ka) (1) and (3) for the purpose of deciding whether an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary that the Board of Directors should exercise the powers contained in Bye-law 248 (Ka) with regard to the contracts in silver made under the rules and bye-laws of the Chamber.

By Order of the Board.
ASHARAM DUBE.
Offg. Secretary.

232-234, Kalbadevi Road,
Bombay.
Dated 10th February 1948.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE
EXECUTIVE OFFICER

APPLICATIONS stating age and qualifications are invited for the post of Executive Officer of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute. The Officer will be in administrative charge of the Co-operative School at Bombay and will have to supervise the working of regional co-operative schools and co-operative classes in the Province. Salary of the post is 300-20-600 with travelling allowance admissible to Class I Officers of the Government of Bombay.

QUALIFICATIONS :—Graduate with a good honours or second class degree. Graduates in economics, commerce or agriculture and with experience of co-operative movement will be preferred. Higher starting salary may be given to suitable candidate. The post is open to persons in the service of co-operative institutions or the Co-operative Department.

Applications should be addressed to the HON. SECRETARY, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay, and should reach him on or before the 21st February, 1948.

7250

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Bombay invites tenders for the fabrication and supply of Uniforms for 1948-49. Tender forms are obtainable from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11, free of cost. Firms not on the approved list of tenderers should furnish their Banker's references. Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers to the Rly.'s Controller of Stores on or before 1-3-48.

7304

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 12th February 1948, that day being a Public Holiday (BEING THE DAY OF THE IMMERSION OF MAHATMA GANDHI'S ASHES) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 9th February, 1948. 7295

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 invites tenders returnable on TUESDAY the 17th February, 1948 for the supply of 5,000 Nos. Basket Cane large iron bound 24" dia. at top x 10.1/2" dia. at bottom x 16" deep. Copies of Tenders can be had on application.

Tenderers not on the approved list of tenderers should give their Banker's references. 7303

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS
RAILWAY BOARD
EASTERN GROUP-SLEEPER CONTROL

Tender No. 8/48-49.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be opened at 2-30 p.m. on 3rd March, 1948 for;

(1) 120 tons C.P. Teak (Tectona Grandis).
(2) 150 tons Indigenous timber hardwood of which 33% should be sal logs or squares (Shorea Robusta) and the rest selected for Gurjan (Diptero Carpus Macro Carpus).

Full particulars may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten) being the cost of tender documents to the Financial Adviser and Chief Accounts Officer, B. N. Railway House, Kidderpore, Calcutta 23, whose receipt for the amount or the original M. O. receipt must be produced before such documents can be issued. This sum will not be refunded. Tender documents can also be sent by V.P.P. on request.

SLEEPER CONTROL OFFICER,
Eastern Group.
B. N. Railway House,
Kidderpore, Calcutta 23. 7296

M. & S. M. & S. I. RAILWAYS JOINT SERVICE COMMISSION.
Advertisement No. 20.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts on the M. & S. M. and S. I. Railways from nationals of the Dominion of India by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or Citizens of Indian states or Citizens of Pakistan Dominion or any other territory adjacent to India may also apply but in their case a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary. Appointments will be made on a temporary basis in the first instance.

In the case of Scheduled Caste candidates, the upper age limit will be three years more than that specified below against each category. War service candidates will be allowed to deduct from their actual age the period of their service in the Forces.

M. & S. M. RAILWAY.

CATEGORY I. SUB. ASST. SURGEON—2 posts (Other than Brahmins)

Medical graduates. D.M.S. or Licentiate medical practitioners. M.B. (Calcutta), L.M.F. (Bengal) or L.C.P.S. (Bombay) also acceptable. Preference to those with experience in House Surgeoncy. Pay Rs. 100-8-140-10-170 E. B.-10-230. Age below 30 years on 1-3-1948.

CATEGORY II. RADIOLOGIST —1 post (Other than Brahmins).

Qualifications, pay and age limit same as for category I, but candidate for this post should also be trained in radiology.

S. I. RAILWAY.

CATEGORY III. SUB. ASST. SURGEONS—3 (S.C.2; M.1).

Qualifications, scale of pay and age limits same as for category I above. Medical graduates may be given a higher starting salary on the scale. Railway quarters will be provided, if available on payment of usual rent.

Application forms can be had by POST from the Secretary, M. & S.M. & S.I. Railways Joint Service Commission, 53, Gangadhareswarar Koil Street, Vepery, Madras 7. When writing for application forms, candidates should enclose a crossed Indian Postal Order for Rupee ONE endorsed as payable to the PAY MASTER AND CASHIER, M. & S.M. Railway, Madras, and a sufficiently stamped and self addressed envelope. Completed application forms should be posted so as to reach the Secretary on or before 21-2-1948.

Madras, 6th Feb 1948. 7298

AUCTION PROGRAMME FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1948.

Serial No.	Date of Auction.	Time.	Place of Auction	Stores to be offered for sale	Auctioneers.
1	18-2-1948	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	B'bay Cycle & Motor Agency Ltd., Sandhurst Bridge B'bay.	Spare parts for Auto Cycles.	M/s. Crawford & Co.
2	16-2-1948	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Govt. Timber Depot & Saw Mills, Ghorpuri.	Surplus assets & other stores	M/s. Shanker Ramchander & Bros.
3	17/18/19-2-48	10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Returned Stores Sub Depot Ghorpuri, Poona.	Misc. Salvage	—do—
4	13-2-48	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Govt. Timber Salvage Depot Matunga.	Sheds etc.	M/s. Crawford & Co.
5	20-2-48	11 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Hatterslay Mill, Ghatkoper.	Misc. Surplus Cordage Tape Etc.	—do—
6	21-2-48	10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.	R. I. N. Cable Depot Chinchpokli, Bombay.	Cable	M/s. Gandhi & Co.
7	23-2-48	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Medical Stores Depot Byculla Bombay.	Medical Stores (Salvage)	—do—
8	24-2-48	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	Army Medical Stores Sewri. Bombay	—do—	—do—
9	26-2-48	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Salvage Sub Depot (formerly Port Salvage Depot) Haji Bunder Sewri, Bombay.	Misc. Salvage	—do—
10	16-2-48	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Govt. Timber Stores Depot Sewri, Bombay.	H. W. Logs & other stores.	M/s. Bennett & Co.
11	18-2-48	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.	Govt. Timber Depot Wadala, Bombay.	Misc. Stores.	—do—
12	28-2-48	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	D.G.S.R. Godown Wadi Bunder Bombay.	N. F. Scrap.	M/s. Crawford & Co.

7300

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that USMAN HAJI VALIMAHOMED of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to exchange his undermentioned property, situate at the Junction of Gorupdeo Road and Albert Road with our clients property, situate at Karachi.

All persons having any claim against or to the undermentioned property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, 6-10, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the exchange will be given effect to and the property will be transferred to our clients name without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land together with the Chawl or building standing thereon, situate at the junction of Ghorupdeo and Albert Road, on the Frere land, Port Trust Estate, in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 710-1/9th Square yards or thereabouts situate in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, bearing Collector's New Survey No. 3724, Cadastral Survey No. 8/671 Mazagaon Division, which is assessed by the Bombay Municipality under E. Ward No. 8075 Street No. 15 to 29 Chinch Pokli Cross Lane.

SECONDLY:—All that strip of parcel of land, adjoining the piece or parcel of land first hereinabove described on the East side thereof containing by admeasurement 60 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Survey Nos. 3724, C. S. No. 8/671, Mazagaon Division which is assessed by the Bombay Municipality under E. Ward No. 8075, Street No. 15 to 29, Chinchpokli Cross Lane.

Dated this 9th day of February 1948.

DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Purchasers Attorneys.

7299

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED before 28th February, 1948, for the purchase of a large number of empty wooden cases (large medium and small sizes) lying at the Government Grocery Stores near Churchgate Railway Station and the DeLisle Road Government Godown near Lower Parel Railway Station. The cases can be inspected at the above mentioned Stores and Godown.

Tender forms can be obtained from the undersigned before 20th February, 1948

M. B. SALVI,
Controller of
Government Grain Shops,
Bombay.

7302

CAUSES OF LOSS OF APPETITE

in young girls and women are deficient liver function associated with mental strain and worry. Liverem will certainly cure the bad liver, but for mental strain and worry consult yourself or your parents.

WONDERFUL PREDICTIONS

1 to 3 questions Rs. 2 Extra As. 8 each. Annual Life (8 periods) Rs. 5. Casting horoscope Rs. 2. Synopsis of whole life Rs. 10 Mention date, place, birth or writing time. High credentials.

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Being purely vegetable, Bile Beans gently but effectively clear the bowels of toxic food-wastes that cause sluggishness, indigestion and other ills. You can feel Bile Beans doing you good. They tone up the entire system, creating that perfect inner health which is the foundation of sparkling vitality and fitness.

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